

Phase Array RF System Design

2019.10.22

Keysight Technologies



Design Challenges for Phased Array Systems

PHASED ARRAY DESIGN ACROSS MULTIPLE DOMAINS

- Crosses multiple disciplines
- Disjointed tool set
- Design, predict, test, and validate
- Time to market



SYSTEM LEVEL PERFORMANCE
BER, EVM, Throughput
Wireless standard specs
Probability of Detection

BEAMFORMING ARCHITECTURES
RF / Digital / Hybrid

ALGORITHM
Multi-function
Nulling interferers
Scanning, tracking
Tapes, Sidelobe mitigation
Error correction, self-calib

OTA MEASUREMENT
OTA chamber, OTA specs

RF SYSTEM ARCHITECTURES
Link budget
Component specs, variations
Nonlinearities / intermods
Frequency response
Gain/Phase states
Noise and SFDR
ADC / DAC quantization

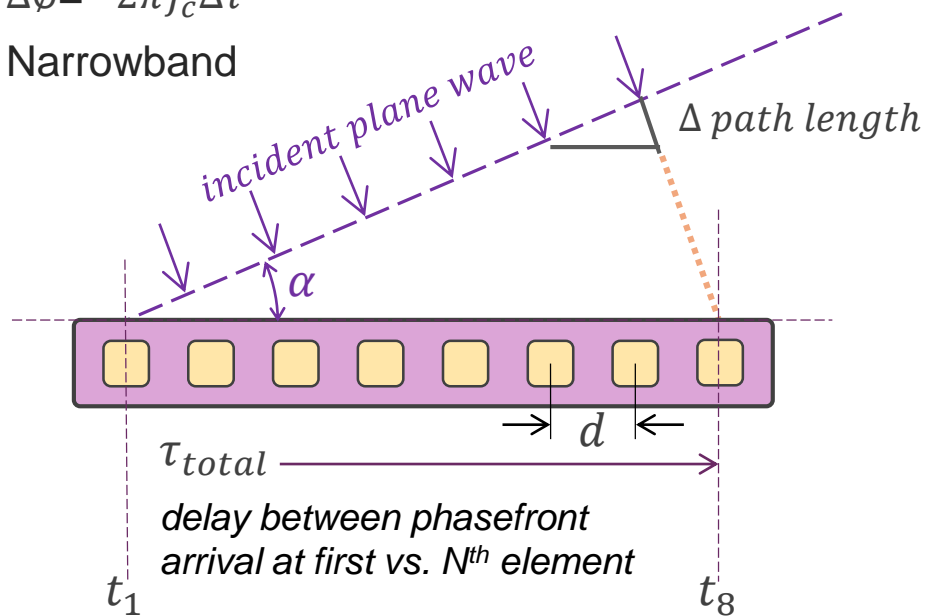
ANTENNA ARRAY
3D configuration
3DEM element patterns
Distribution manifolds

RF / ASIC IMPL
Active/NL performance
Loading, Coupling, Ghosting
DC/PAE efficiency, Thermal

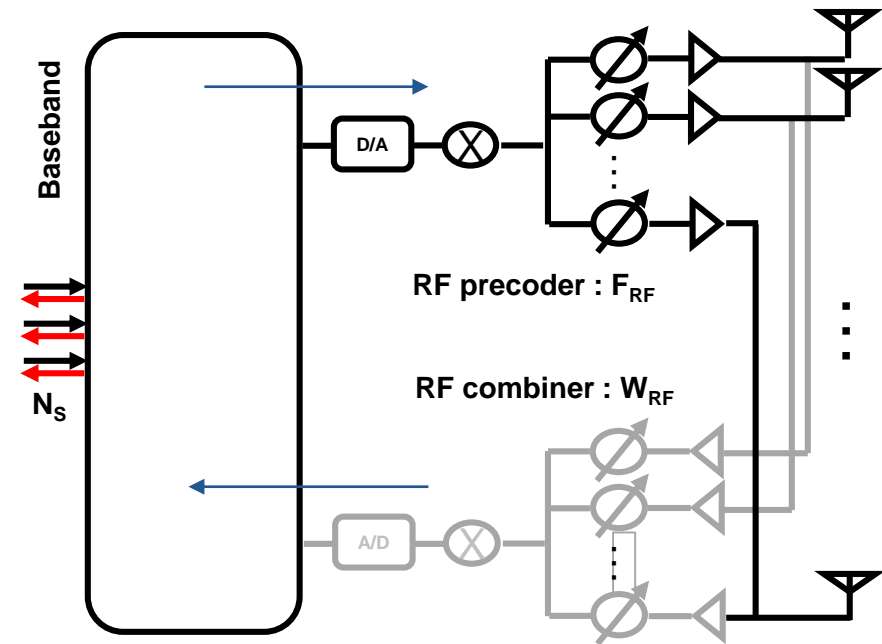
Phased Array Fundamentals & Beamforming Architecture

RECREATING PLANE WAVE PHASE FRONT

- Time delay beamforming: $x(t - \Delta\tau)e^{j2\pi f_c(t - N\Delta\tau)}$
 - Wideband
- Phase shift beamforming: $x(t)e^{j2\pi f_c t} e^{jN\Delta\phi}$
 - $\Delta\phi = -2\pi f_c \Delta\tau$
 - Narrowband



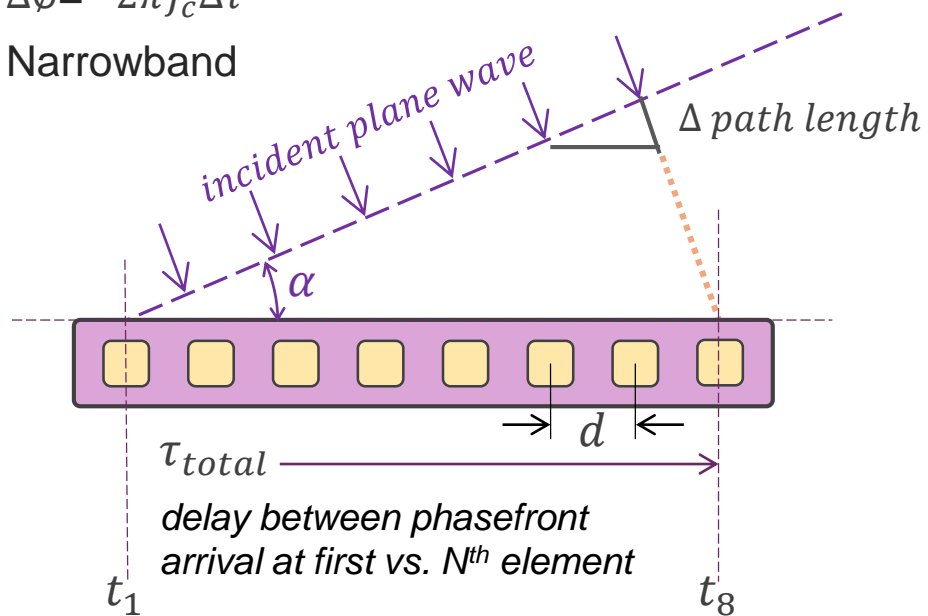
RF Beamforming



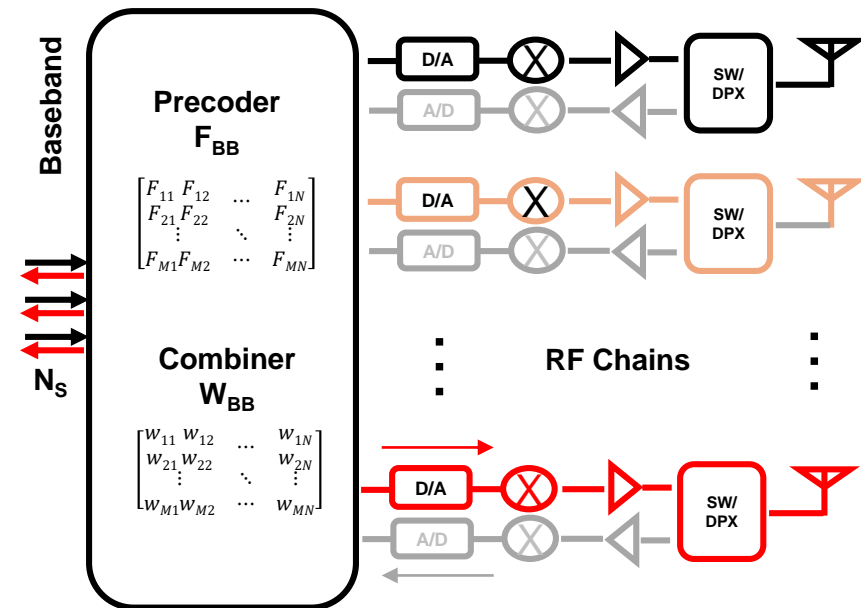
Phased Array Fundamentals & Beamforming Architecture

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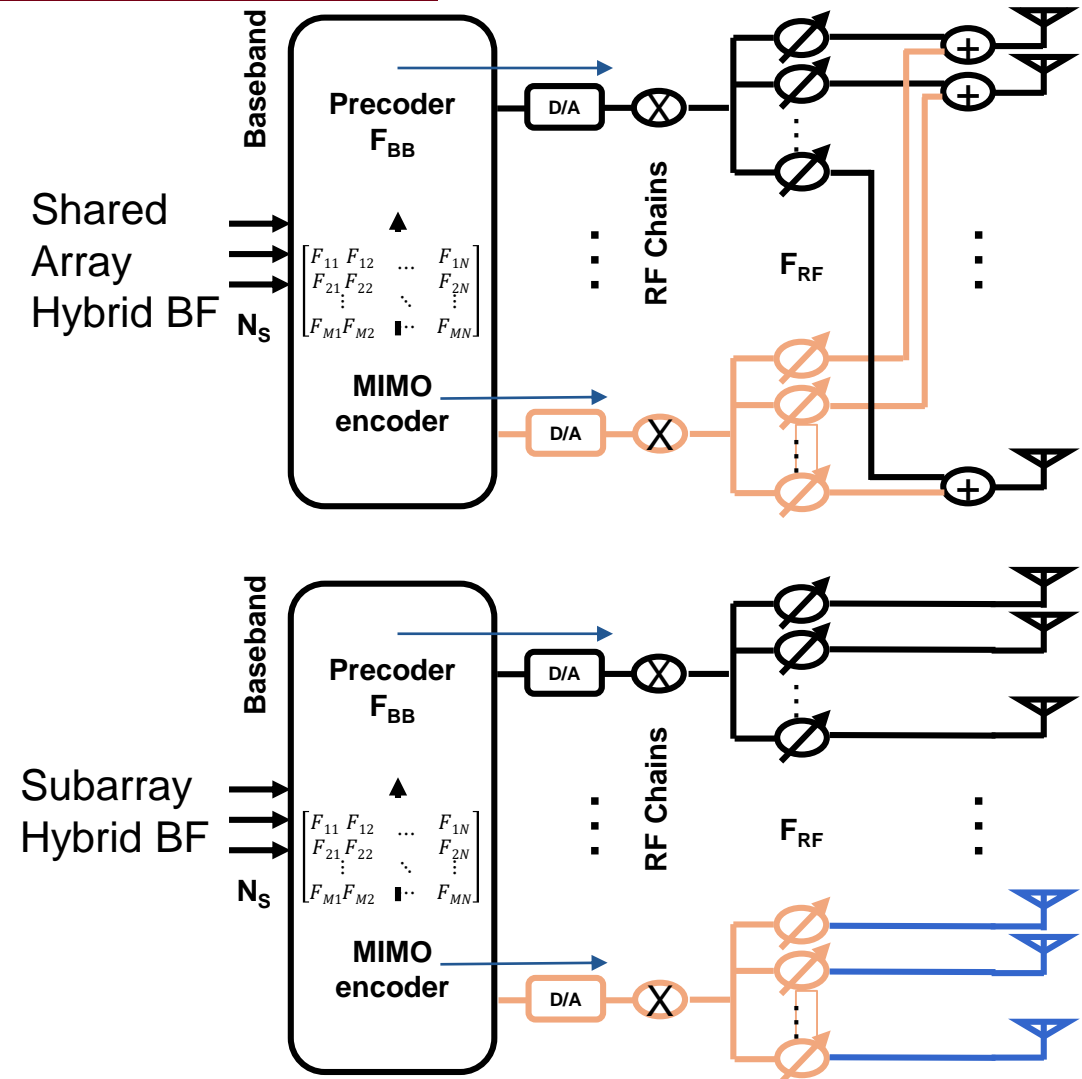
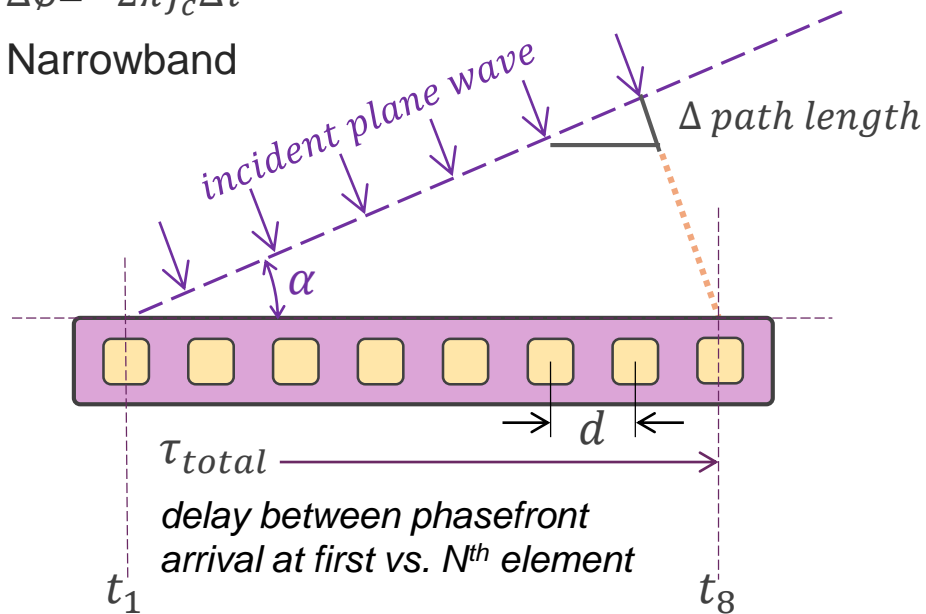
Digital Beamforming



Phased Array Fundamentals & Beamforming Architecture

RECREATING PLANE WAVE PHASE FRONT

- Time delay beamforming: $x(t - \Delta\tau)e^{j2\pi f_c(t - N\Delta\tau)}$
 - Wideband
- Phase shift beamforming: $x(t)e^{j2\pi f_c t} e^{jN\Delta\phi}$
 - $\Delta\phi = -2\pi f_c \Delta\tau$
 - Narrowband



Combined Analysis of RF, BB, and Application Scenarios

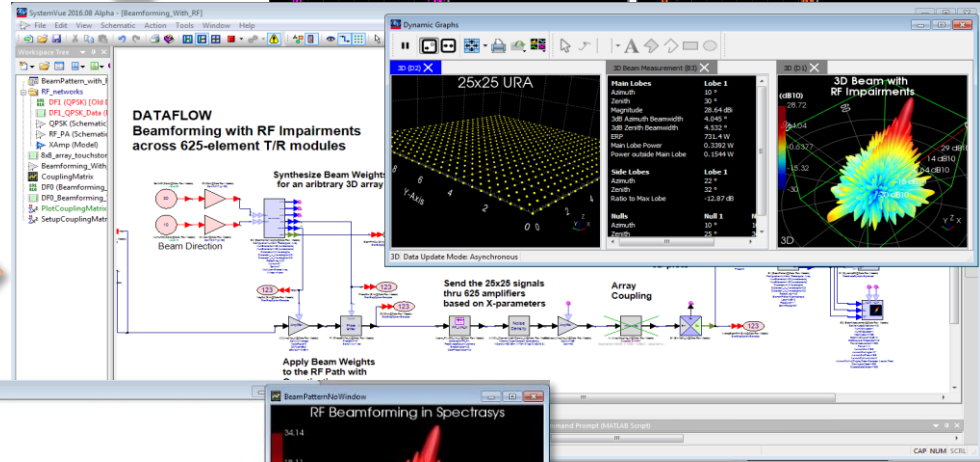
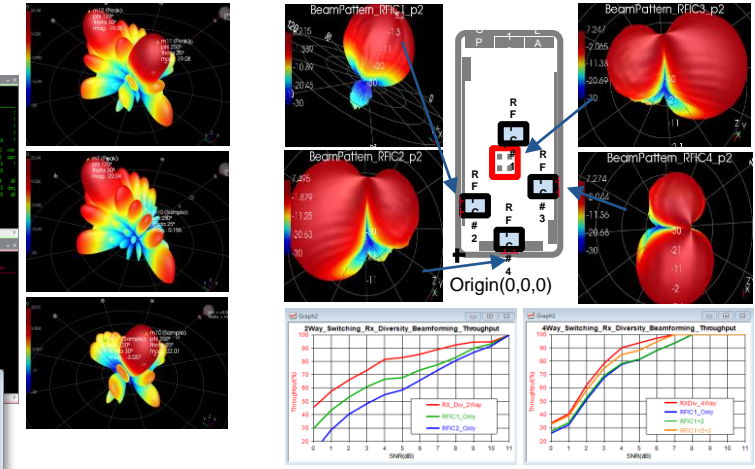
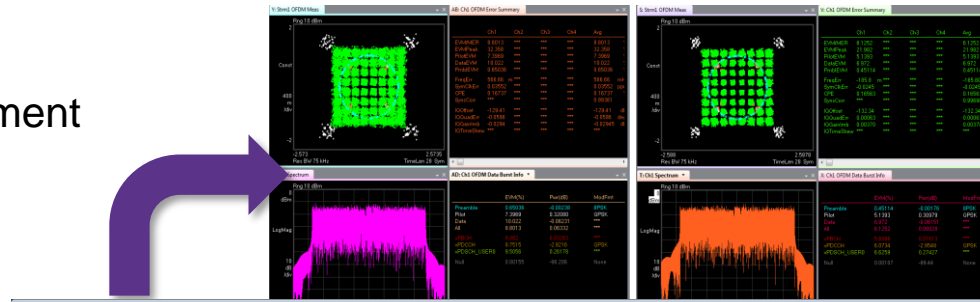
DESIGN & VALIDATE PHASED ARRAY IN SYSTEMVUE

Test system measurement software (Dataflow)

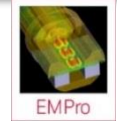
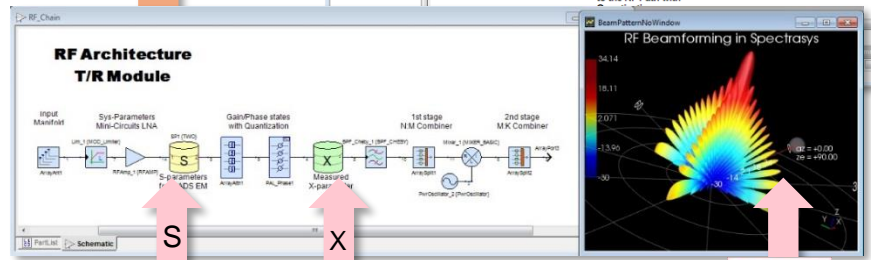
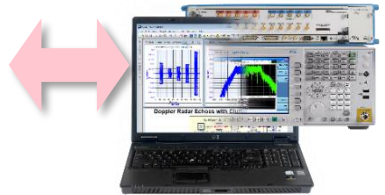
Dynamic behavior, algorithmic, modulated waveform (Dataflow)

RFLINK

RF phased array system architecture



T&M

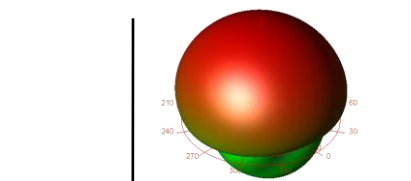


Element Pattern Array S-parameters

Designing Phased Array Systems with Any Size

NxN URA RF-BF RF-IF T/R MODULE

Array configuration & element patterns

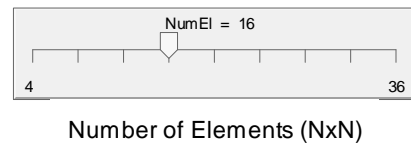
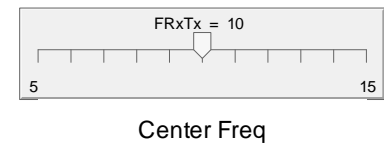
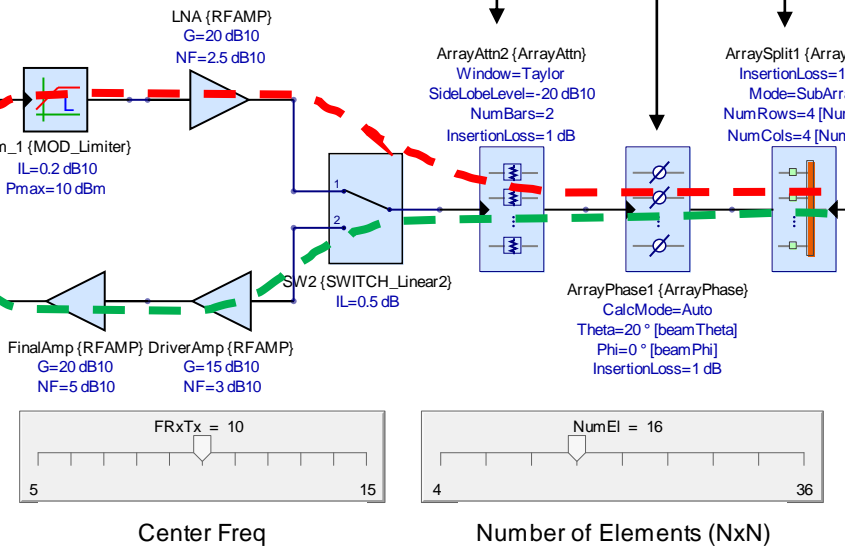


ArrayAnt1 {ArrayAnt}
 Configuration=Uniform Rectangular Array
 NumElementsX=16 [NumEl]
 NumElementsY=16 [NumEl]
 DistanceUnit=Meters
 DistanceX=0.015 m
 DistanceY=0.015 m
 ActiveLoading=None
 RxTx=Rx [ArrayState]
 Freq=10 GHz [FRxTx]
 RxPwrDensity=-50 dBm [RxPwrDensity_dBm]

Attenuator array: Window (Taper)

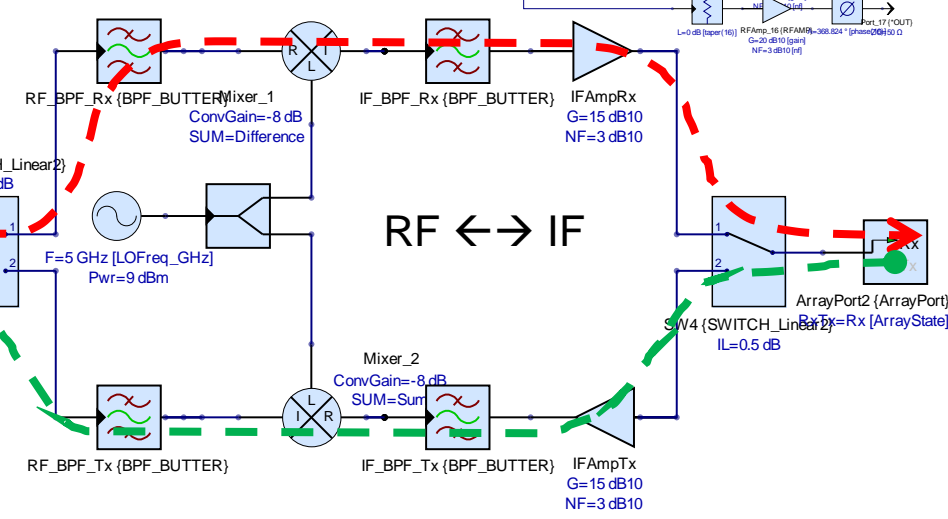
Phase Shifter array: Beam direction

Combiner / Splitter network (multi-stage)

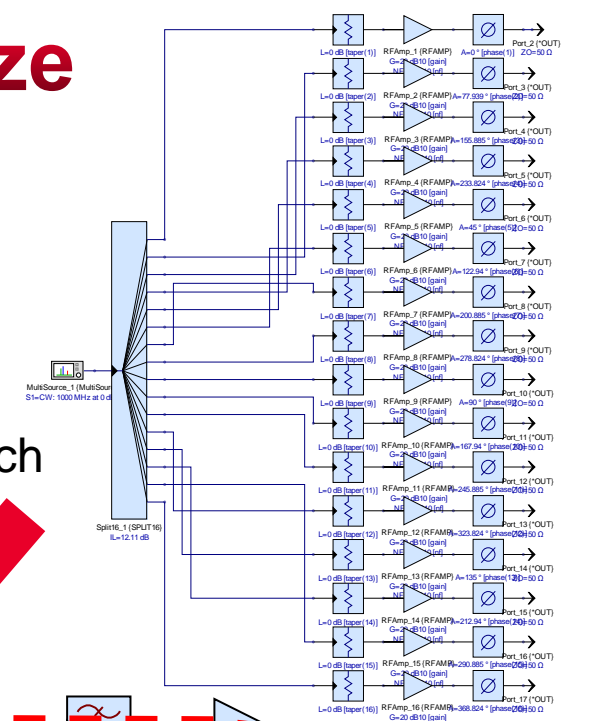


ArrayState
 1
 2
 MODE:
 TX=2
 RX=1

Traditional
 v.s.
 New Approach

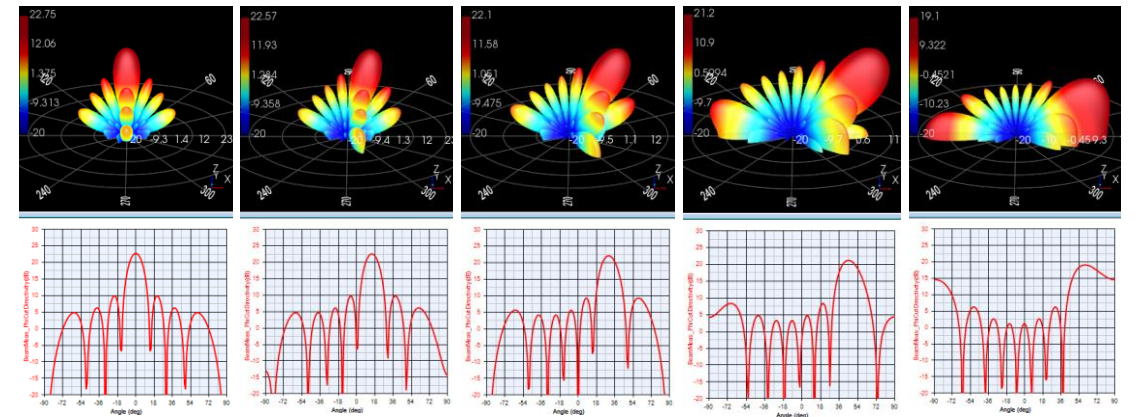
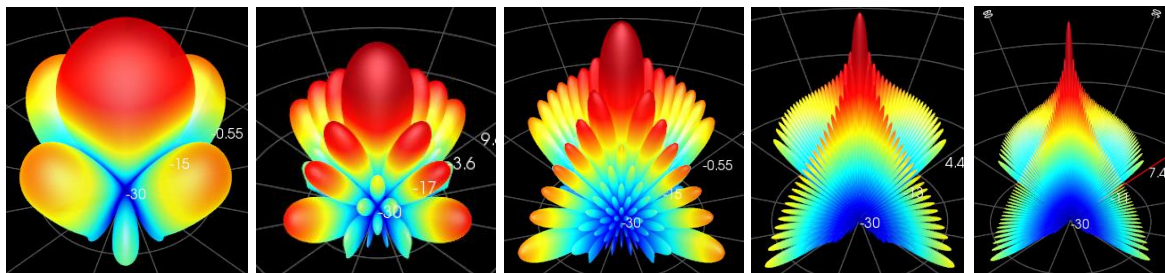
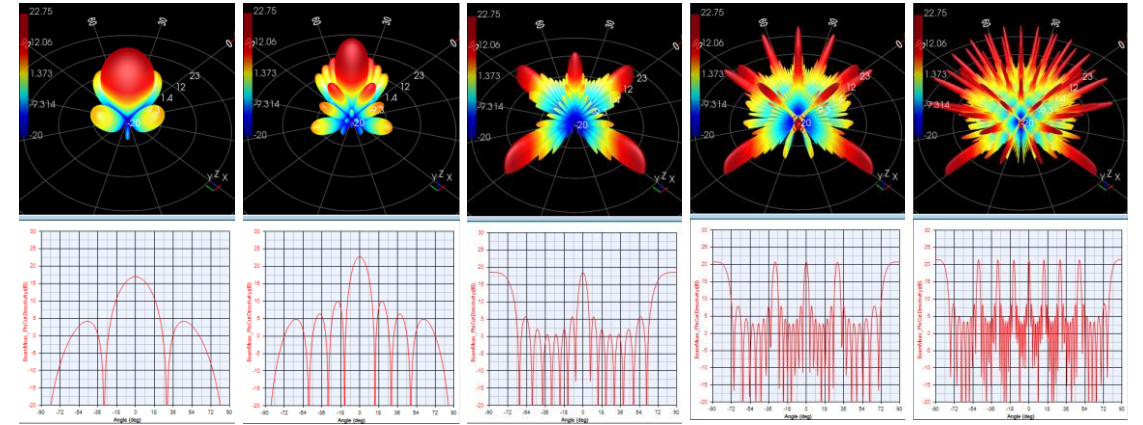
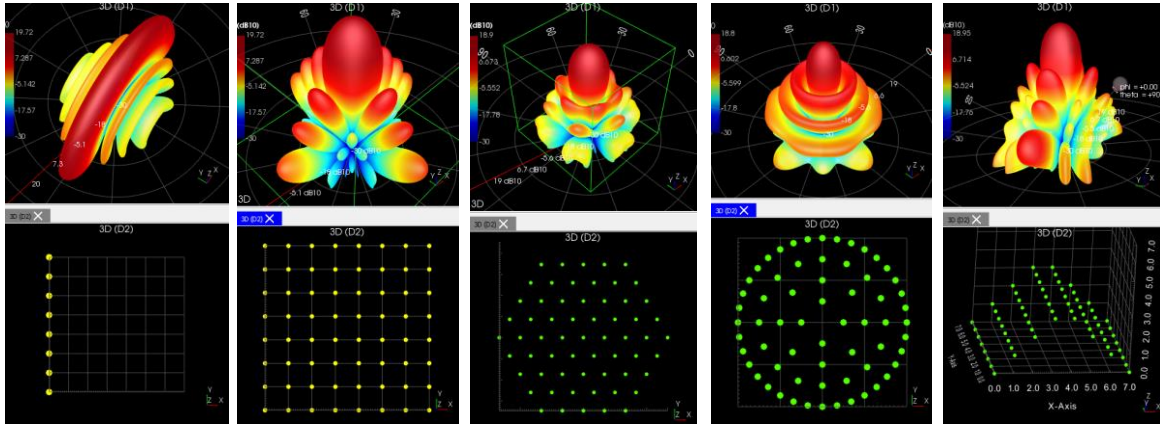


RF ↔ IF



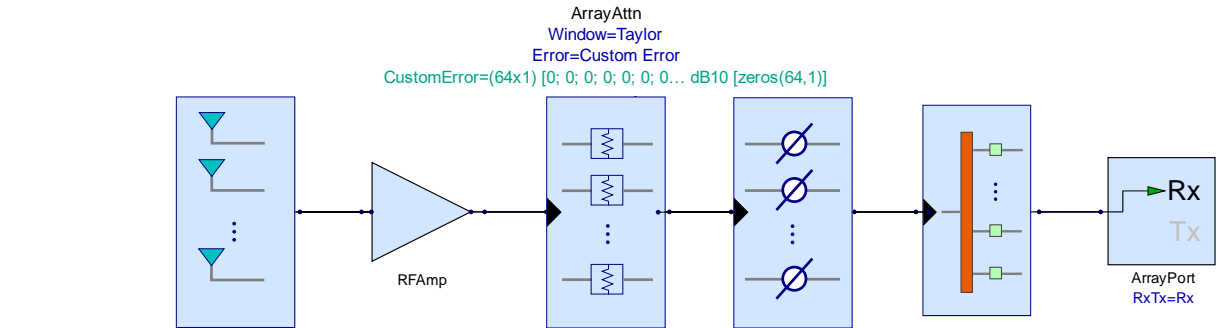
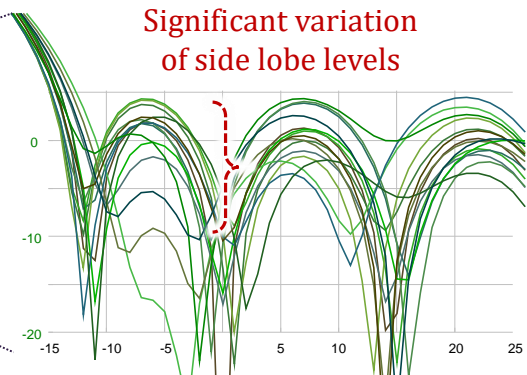
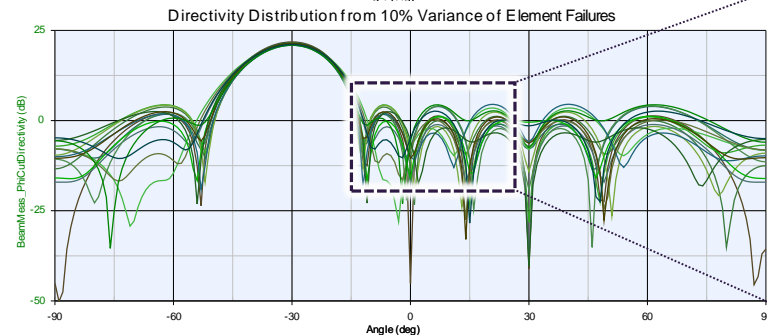
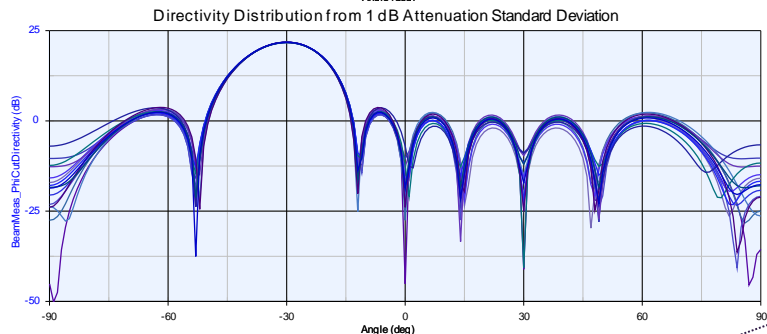
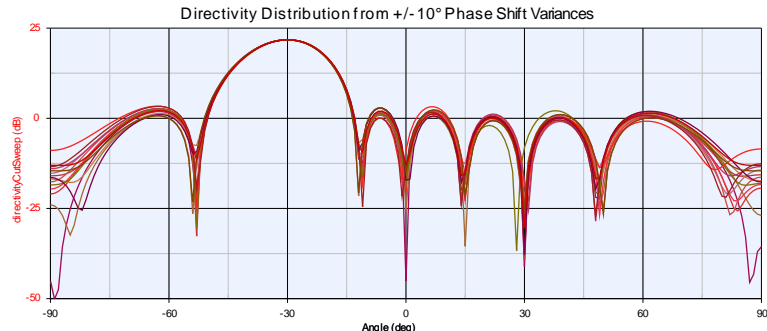
Explore Phased Array Design Space

CONFIGURATION, SIZE, SPACING, SCAN ANGLE



Monte Carlo Analysis of Multi-Channel Variations

PHASE ERROR, MAG. ERROR, & ELEMENT FAILURE



Monte Carlo Properties

General Measurements Variables

Use	Parameter	Probability Distribution
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ArrayAnt.CustomFailure	Discrete; List: [0 1] , Prob

Parameter 'CustomFailure (ones(64,1))'

Distribution: Discrete (List of Values)

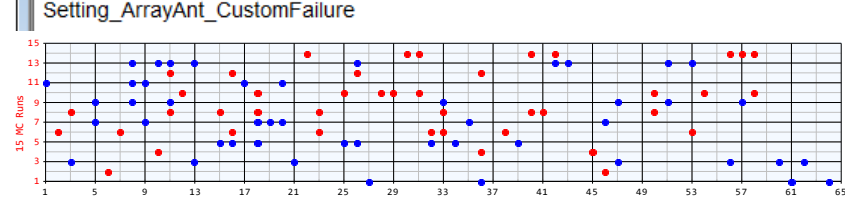
Discrete: List = "[0 1]"

Hard Limits: Min: [] dB, Max: [] dB

List of Values: [0 1]

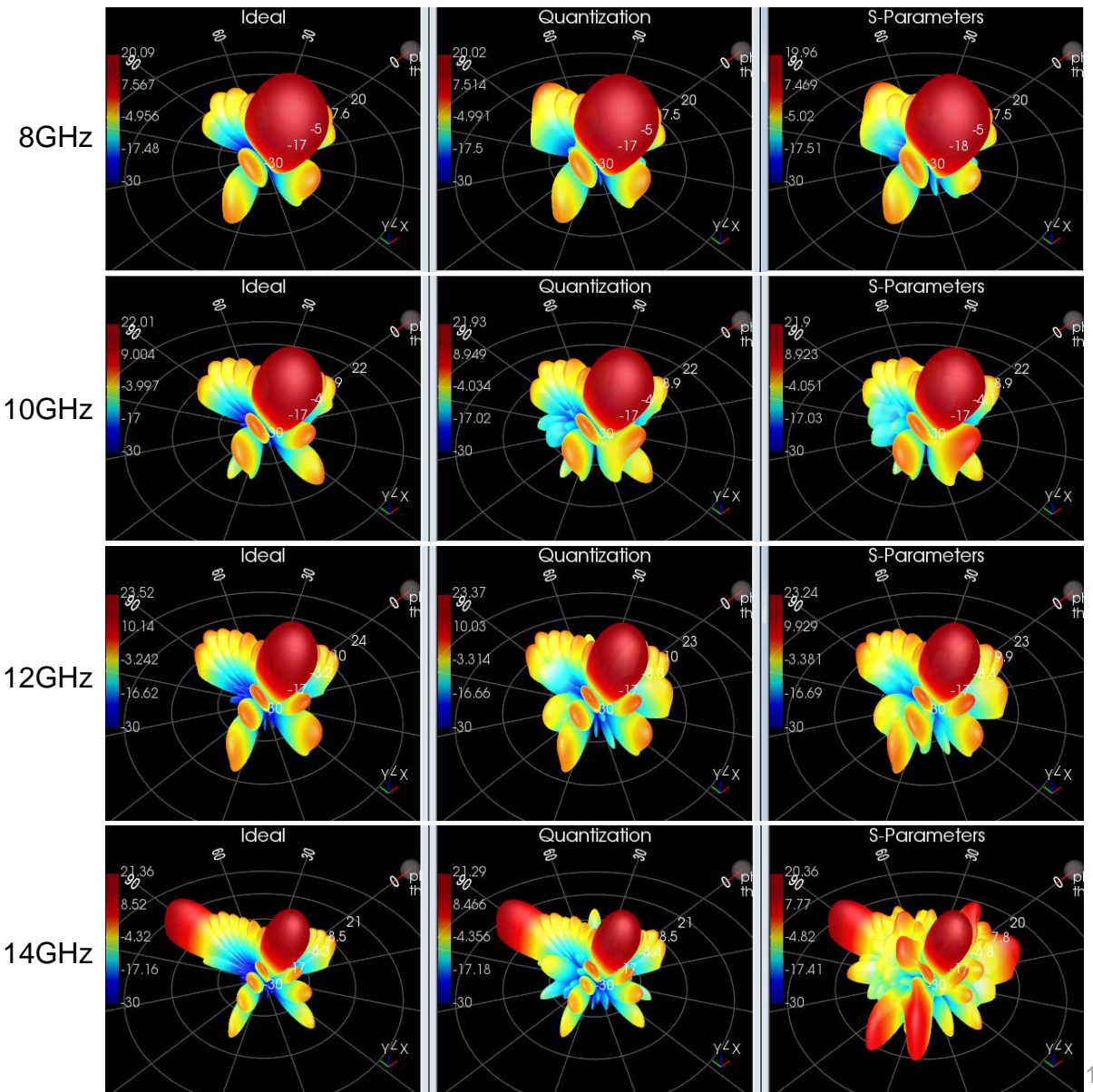
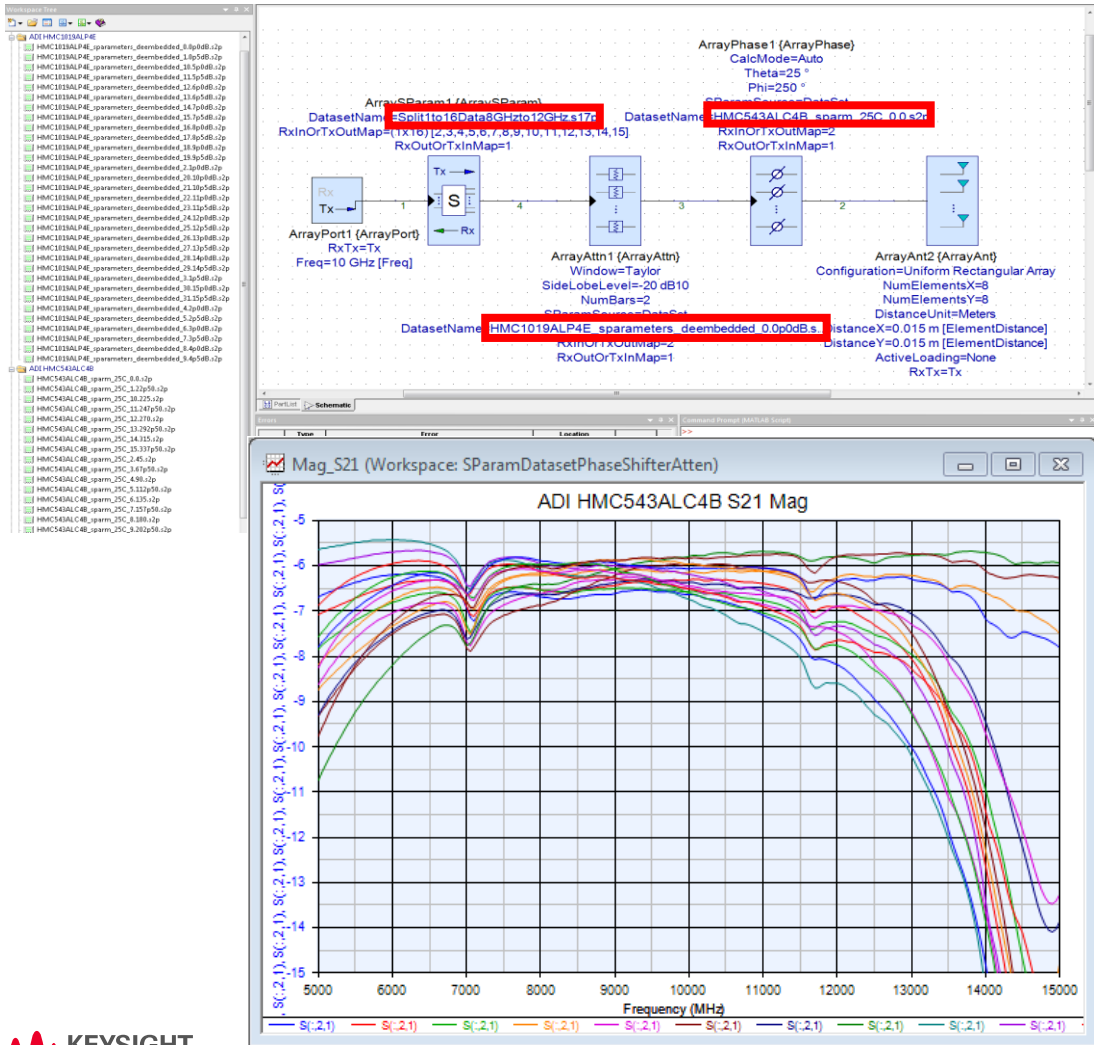
List of Probabilities: [10 90] %

Independently tune vector elements

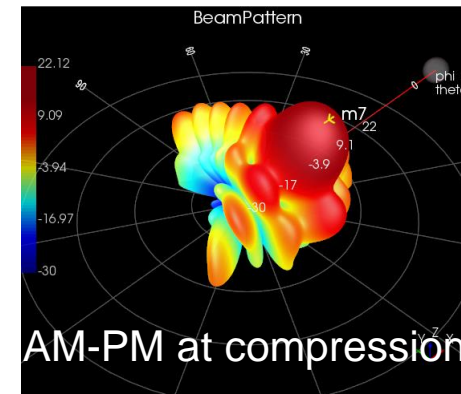
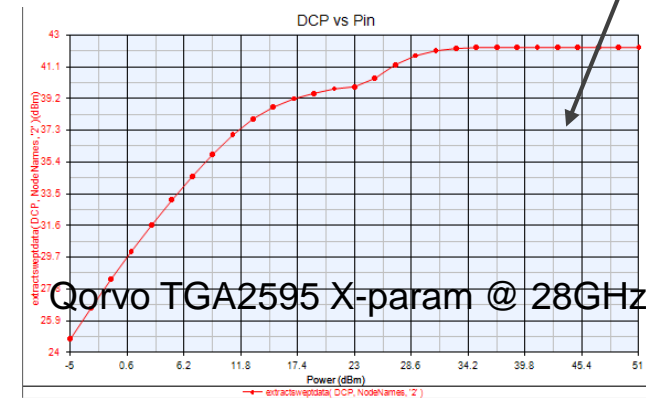
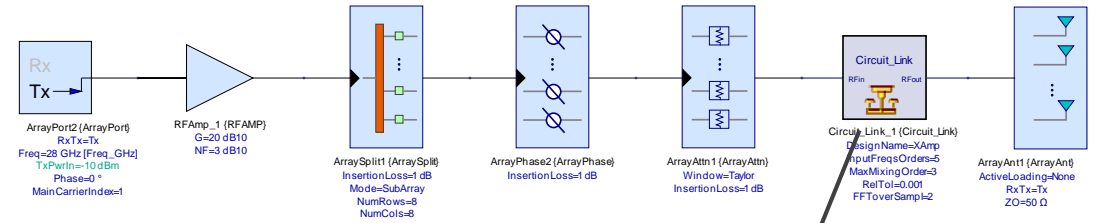
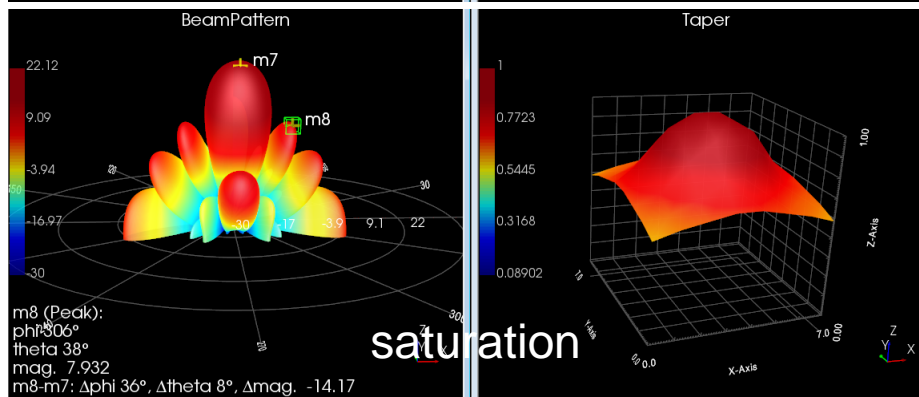
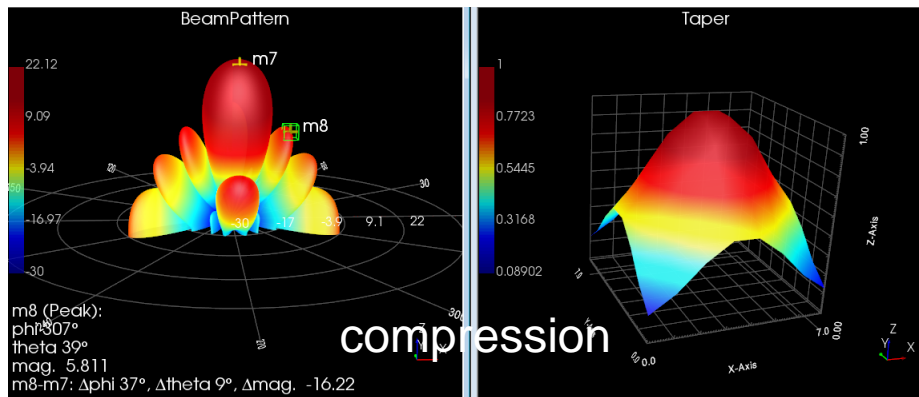
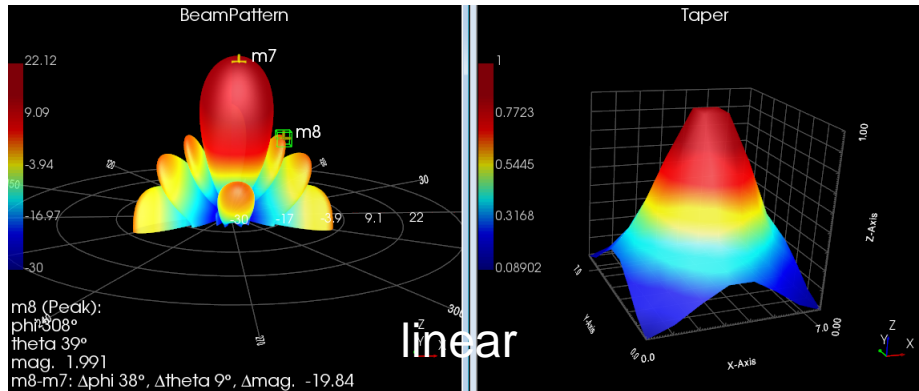


Impact of Non-ideal Linear Devices on Beam Patterns

QUANTIZATION & S-PARAMETERS

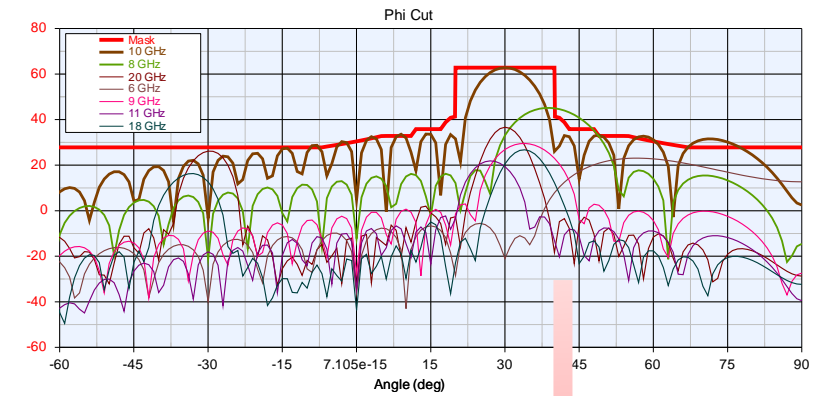
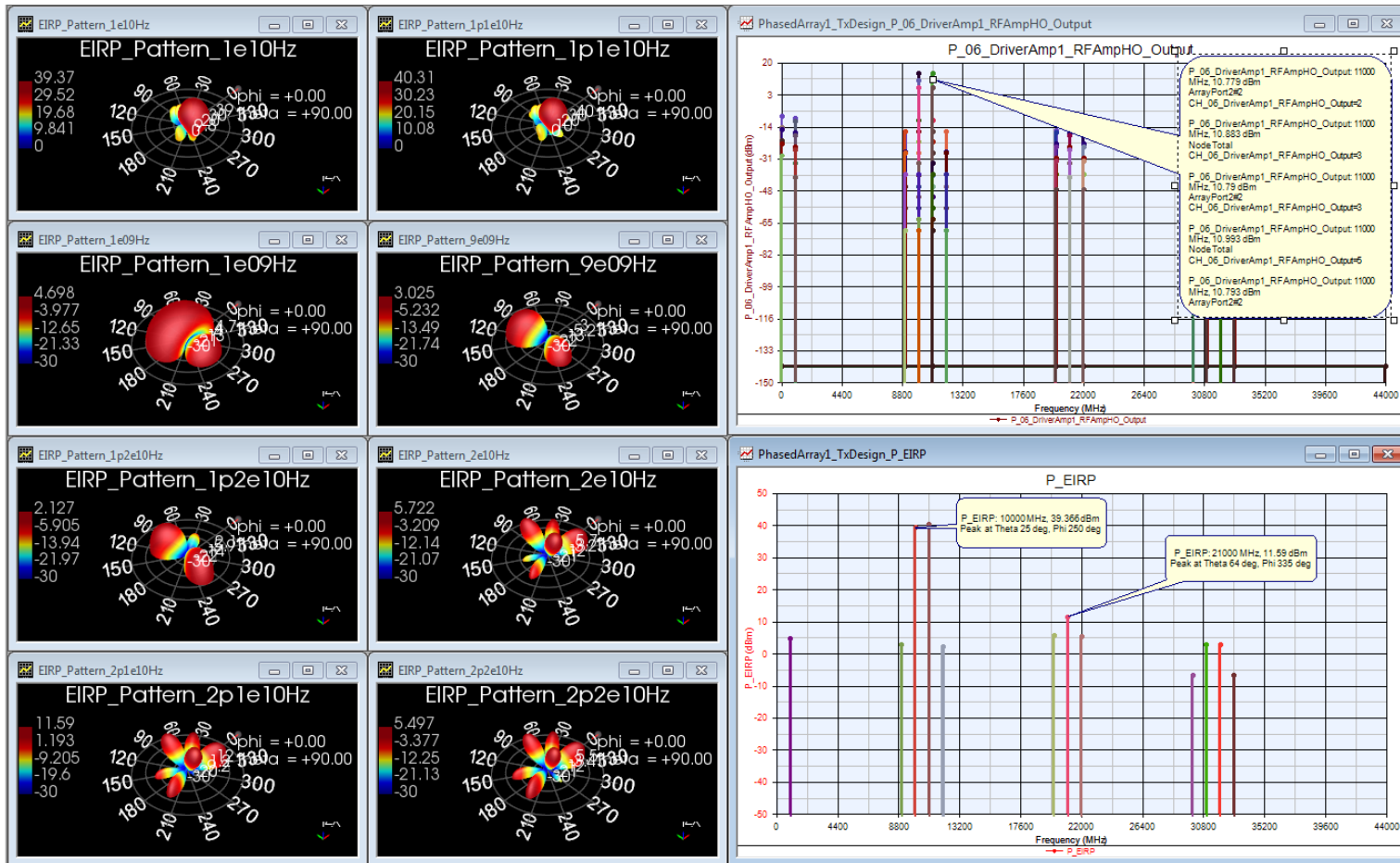


Impact of Nonlinear Devices on Beam Patterns

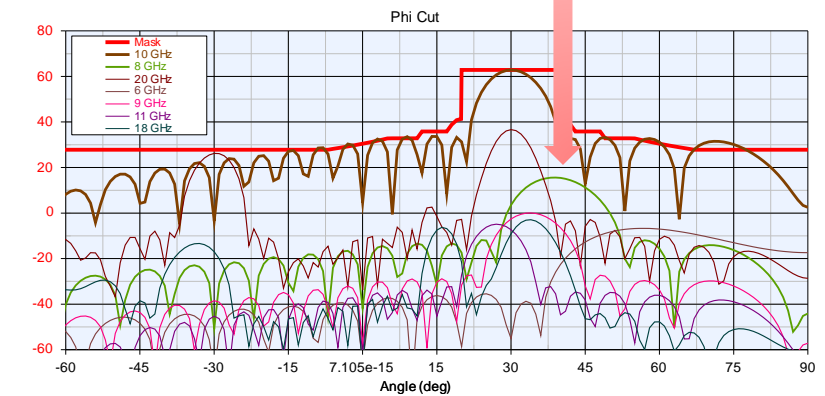


Analyzing Spectrum & Patterns at Spurious Frequencies

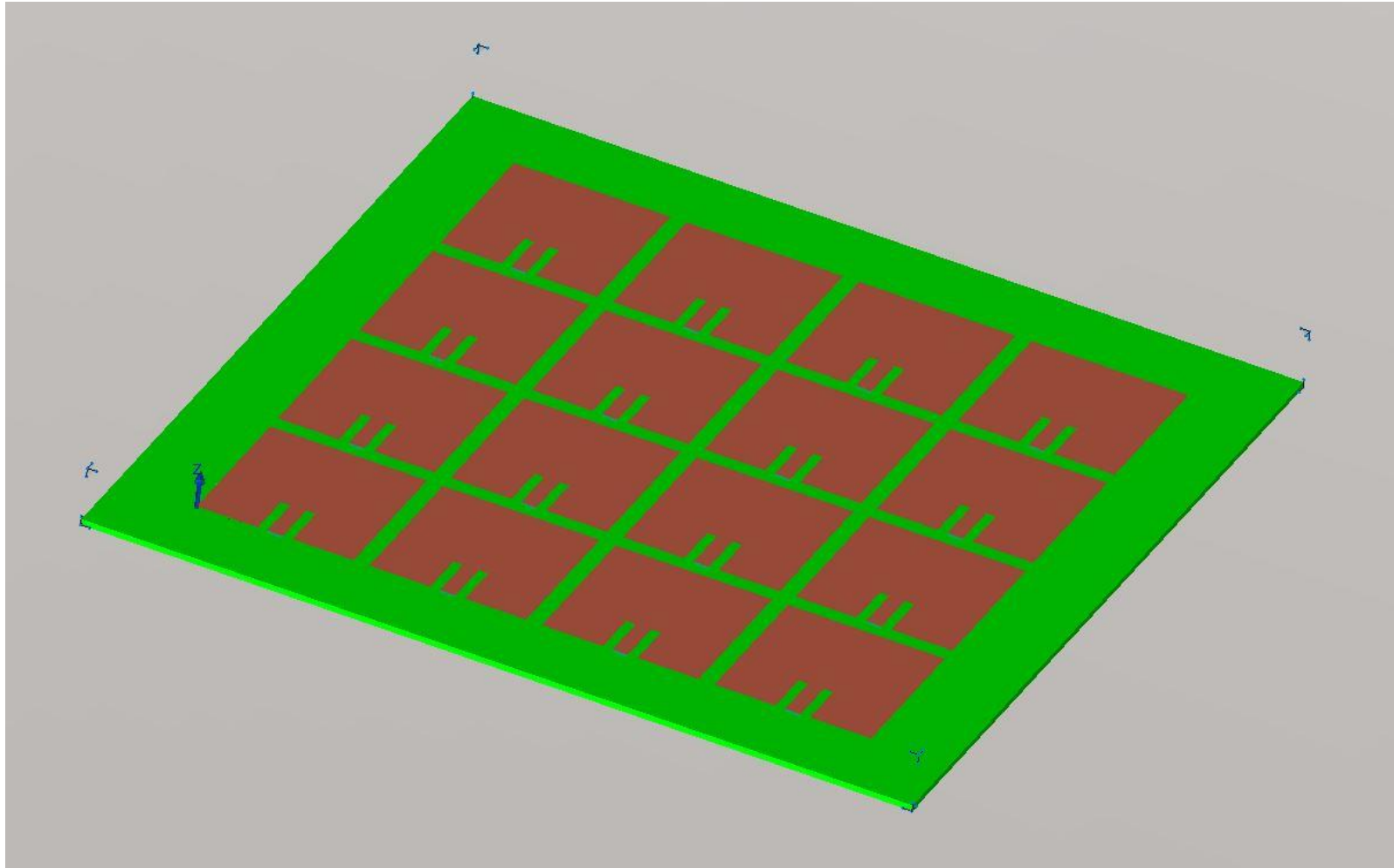
SPECTRAL & SPATIAL MASK ON EIRP PATTERNS



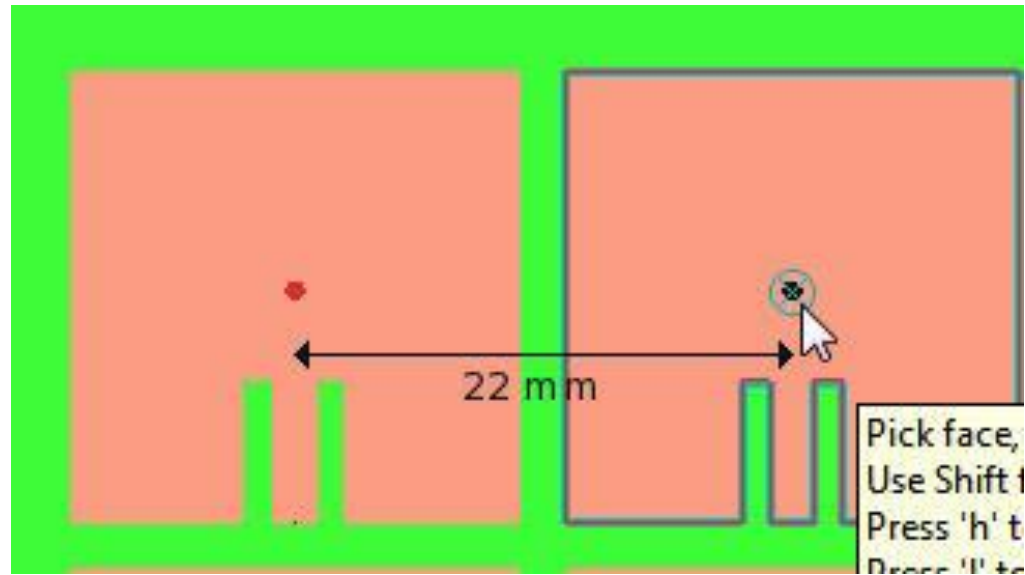
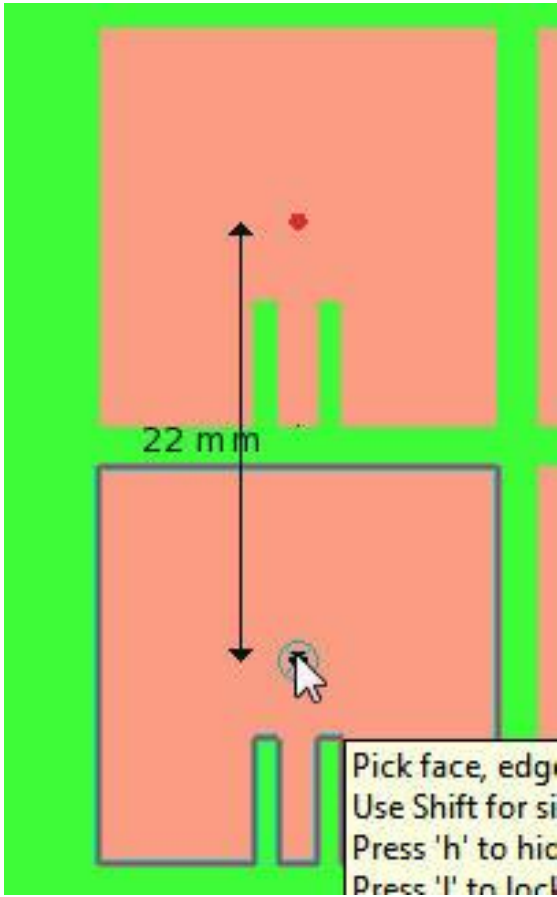
filter after nonlinear PA to pass mask



EMPro Patch Array Antenna Design (4X4)

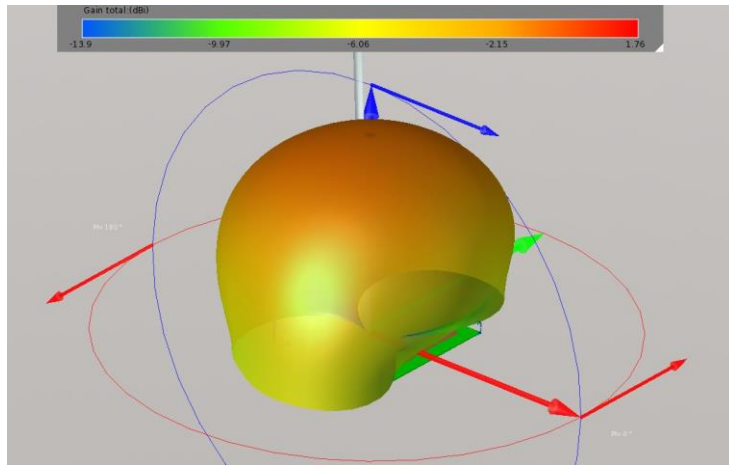


EMPro Patch Array Antenna Design (4X4)

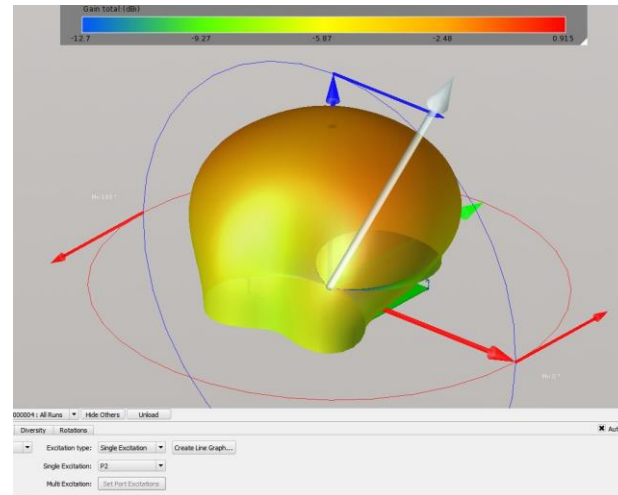


EMPro Patch Array Antenna Design (4X4)

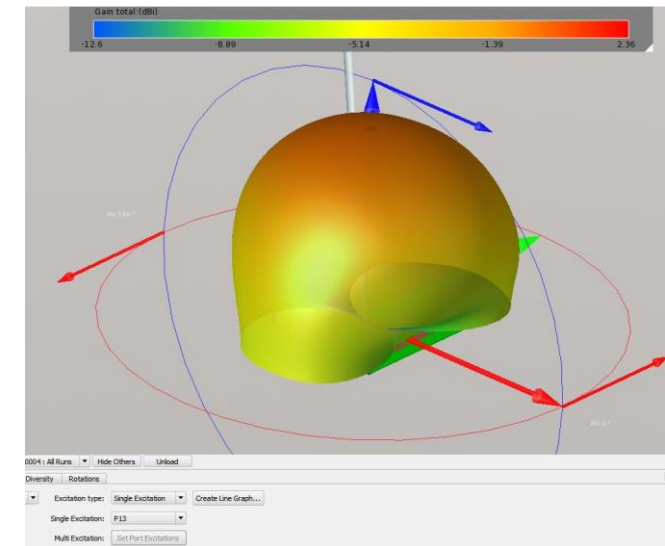
Radiation Pattern for individual elements. Notice they are not same and properties will vary depending on Radiator's position in the Antenna Array



Element-1



Element-2



Element-13

EMPro Patch Array Antenna Design (4X4)

Setup Multi-Excitation in EMPro to activate all radiators, here we are using phase of 0° for all radiators

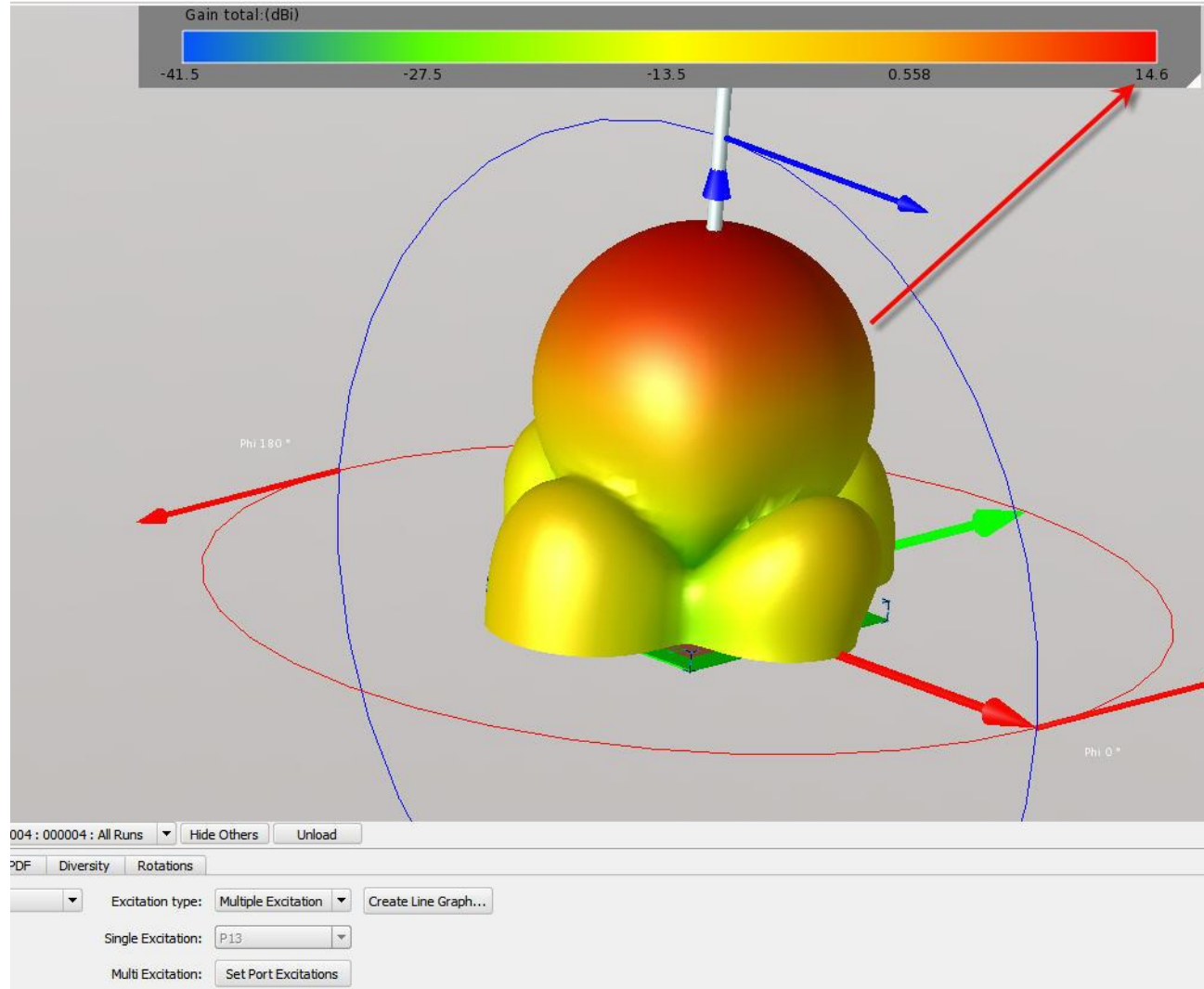
The screenshot displays the EMPro software interface for a 4x4 patch array antenna design. The background shows a 3D model of the antenna with a red arrow pointing to the 'Set Port Excitations' button. The 'Port Excitations' dialog box is open, showing a table of 16 ports (P1 to P16) with the following configuration:

Name	Feed type	Amplitude	Phase shift	.C arrangement	R	L	C
1 P1	Voltage	1	0 °	Parallel	50 ohm	0 nH	0 pF
2 P2	Voltage	1	0 °	Parallel	50 ohm	0 nH	0 pF
3 P3	Voltage	1	0 °	Parallel	50 ohm	0 nH	0 pF
4 P4	Voltage	1	0 °	Parallel	50 ohm	0 nH	0 pF
5 P5	Voltage	1	0 °	Parallel	50 ohm	0 nH	0 pF
6 P6	Voltage	1	0 °	Parallel	50 ohm	0 nH	0 pF
7 P7	Voltage	1	0 °	Parallel	50 ohm	0 nH	0 pF
8 P8	Voltage	1	0 °	Parallel	50 ohm	0 nH	0 pF
9 P9	Voltage	1	0 °	Parallel	50 ohm	0 nH	0 pF
10 P10	Voltage	1	0 °	Parallel	50 ohm	0 nH	0 pF
11 P11	Voltage	1	0 °	Parallel	50 ohm	0 nH	0 pF
12 P12	Voltage	1	0 °	Parallel	50 ohm	0 nH	0 pF
13 P13	Voltage	1	0 °	Parallel	50 ohm	0 nH	0 pF
14 P14	Voltage	1	0 °	Parallel	50 ohm	0 nH	0 pF
15 P15	Voltage	1	0 °	Parallel	50 ohm	0 nH	0 pF
16 P16	Voltage	1	0 °	Parallel	50 ohm	0 nH	0 pF

The dialog box also includes buttons for 'Done', 'Cancel', and 'Apply'. Below the dialog box, the 'Excitation type' is set to 'Multiple Excitation', and the 'Multi Excitation' button is labeled 'Set Port Excitations'.

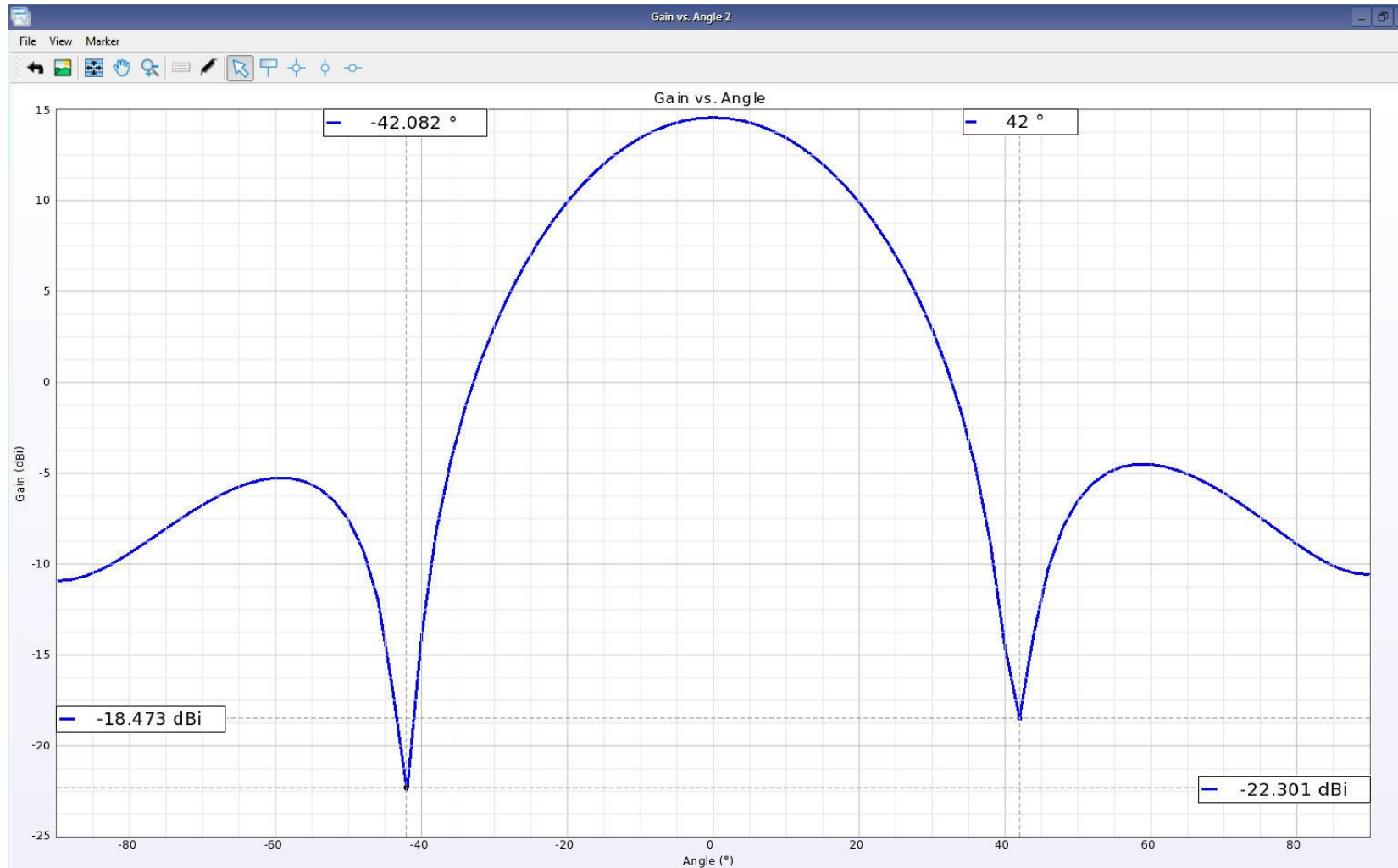
EMPro Patch Array Antenna Design (4X4)

Resulting Far Field pattern showing array gain of ~14.6dBi



EMPro Patch Array Antenna Design (4X4)

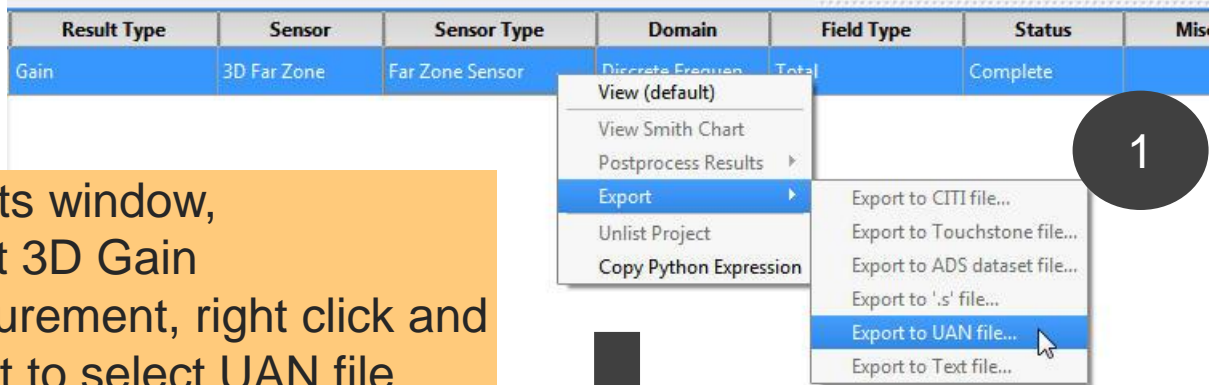
2D cut pattern at $\Phi=0$, Nulls @ 42°



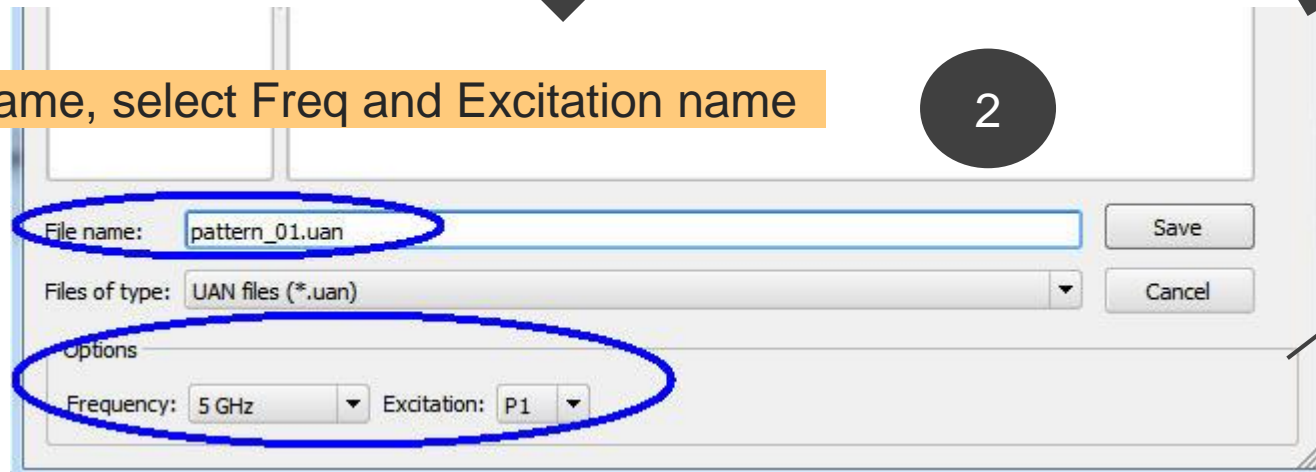
EMPro Patch Array Antenna Design (4X4)

Export far field pattern files (.uan files) for individual radiators.

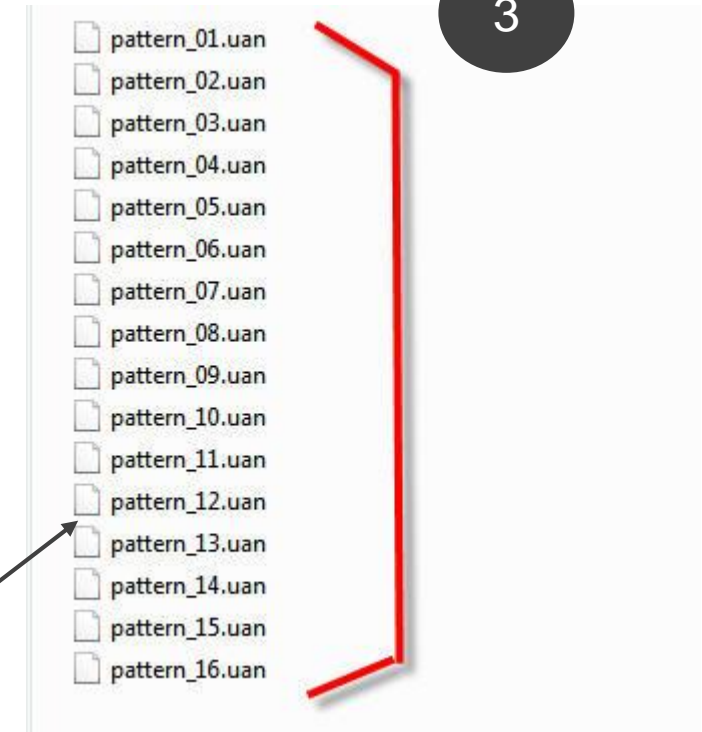
Results window,
Select 3D Gain
measurement, right click and
Export to select UAN file



Give filename, select Freq and Excitation name



Resulting 16 uan files



SystemVue Phased Array System Design

Setup equivalent Antenna configuration in SystemVue

The screenshot shows the SystemVue workspace with a circuit diagram. A red arrow points from the 'ArrayAnt2' component in the workspace to the 'ArrayAnt2' Properties dialog. The dialog is on the 'Antenna Configuration' tab. The 'Array' is set to '2:Uniform Rectangular Array'. The 'Distance X' and 'Distance Y' are both set to 22 mm. A blue box highlights these distance fields, with a red arrow pointing to a text box below that says 'Define same distance as in EMPro Patch Array'.

Designator: ArrayAnt2
Description: Phase Array Antenna Model
Model: ArrayAnt

Rx/Tx: 2:Tx
Array: 2:Uniform Rectangular Array
Distance Unit: 0:Meters

Number of X Elements: NumX
Distance X: 22 mm
Number of Y Elements: NumY
Distance Y: 22 mm
Antennas Per Location: 1

Define same distance as in EMPro Patch Array

The screenshot shows the same SystemVue workspace. A red arrow points from the 'ArrayAnt2' component in the workspace to the 'ArrayAnt2' Properties dialog. The dialog is on the 'Element Pattern' tab. The 'Map Option' is set to '0:Individual for Each Element'. The 'File Name' is 'files_Anurag/pattern_01.uan'. A red arrow points to the 'File Name' field with a text box that says 'Select 1st file from the list'. Another red arrow points to the 'Map Option' field with a text box that says 'Select Individual for Each Element'.

Designator: ArrayAnt2
Description: Phase Array Antenna Model
Model: ArrayAnt

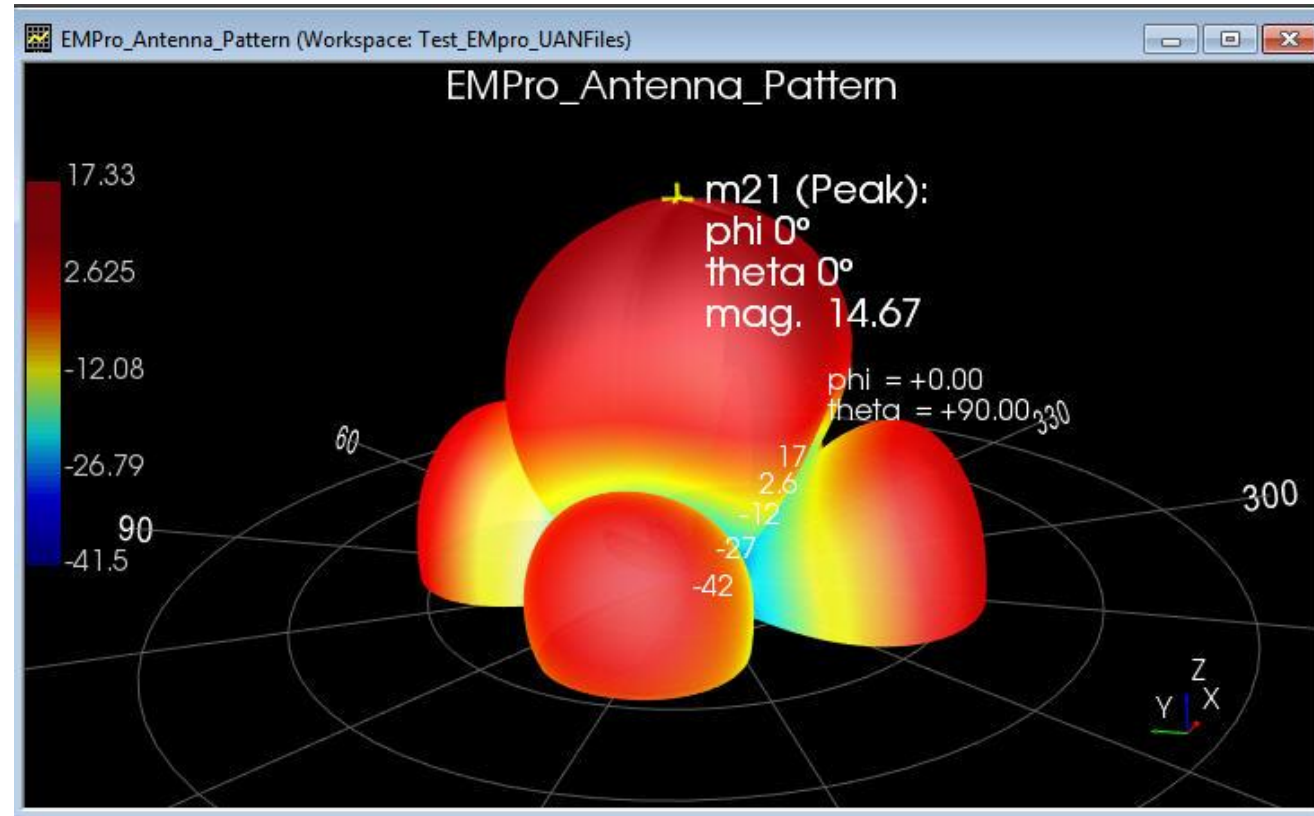
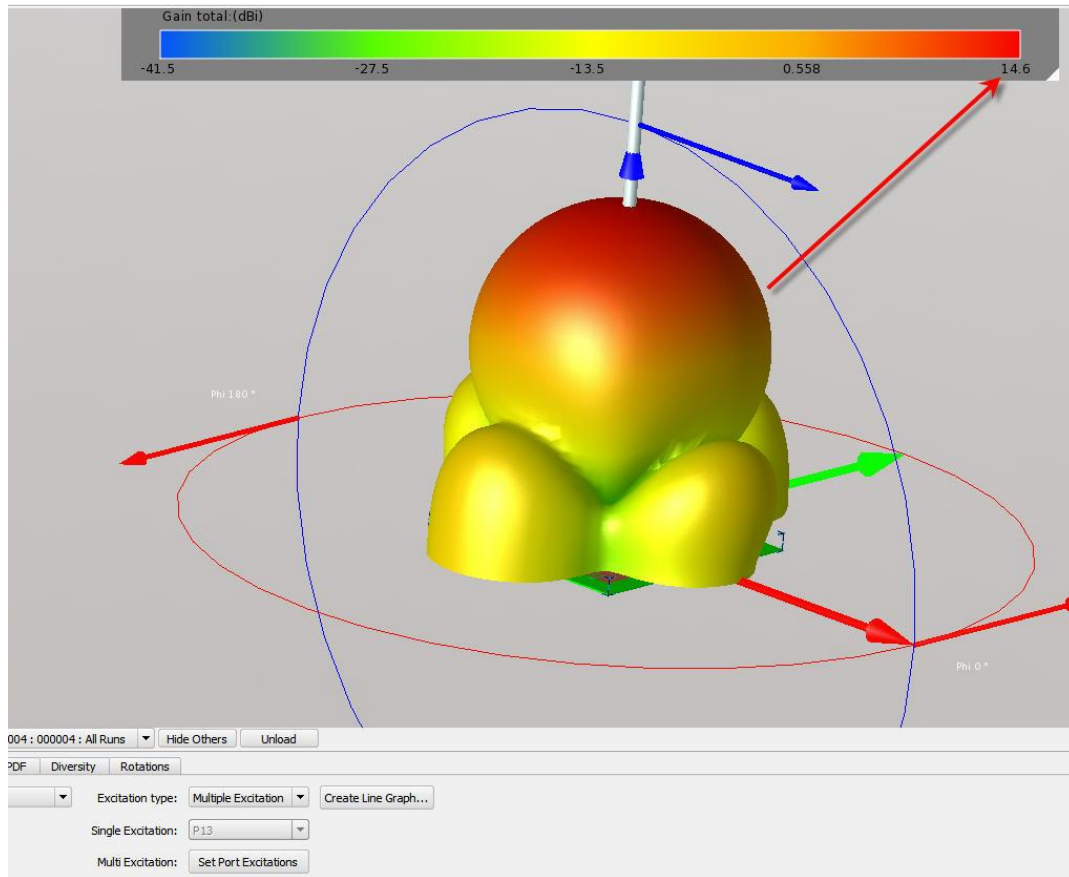
Type: 3:Pattern File
File Type: 0:EMPro
Map Option: 0:Individual for Each Element
File Map: [1]
File Name: files_Anurag/pattern_01.uan
Rotate Element: 0:NO

Select Individual for Each Element

Select 1st file from the list

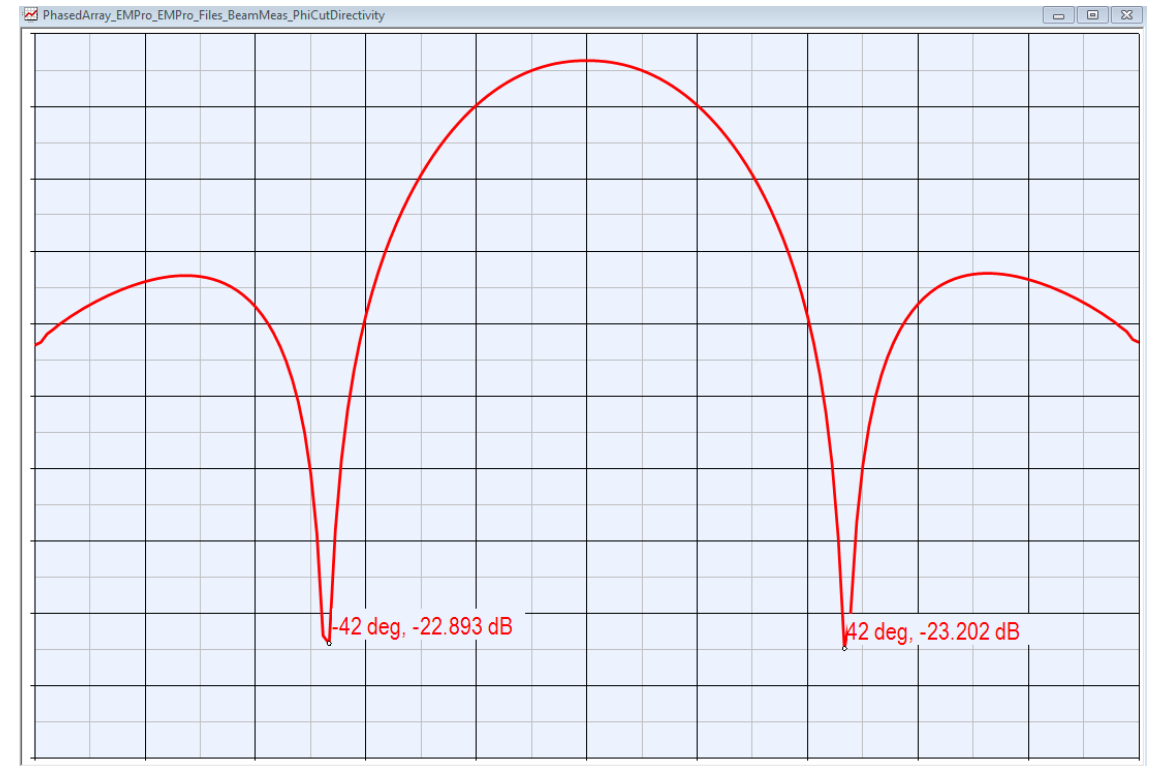
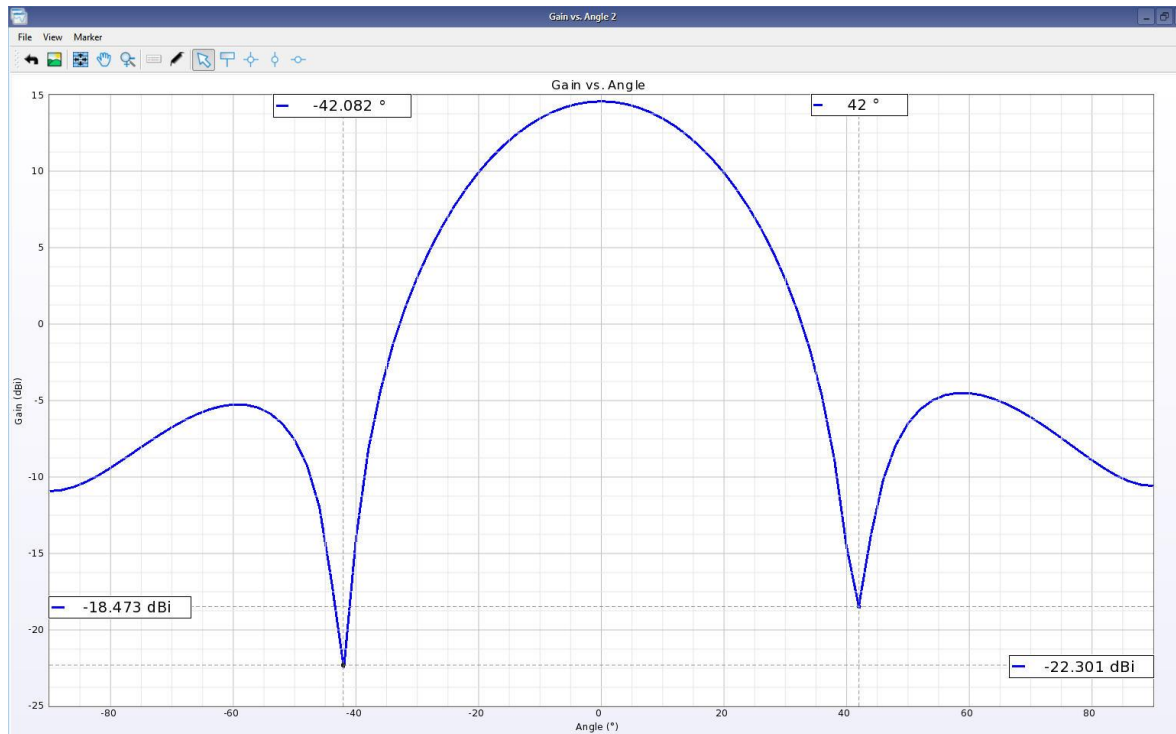
SystemVue Phased Array System Design

Comparison of EMPro and SystemVue Farfield patterns.....***Excellent Correlation...!!!***



SystemVue Phased Array System Design

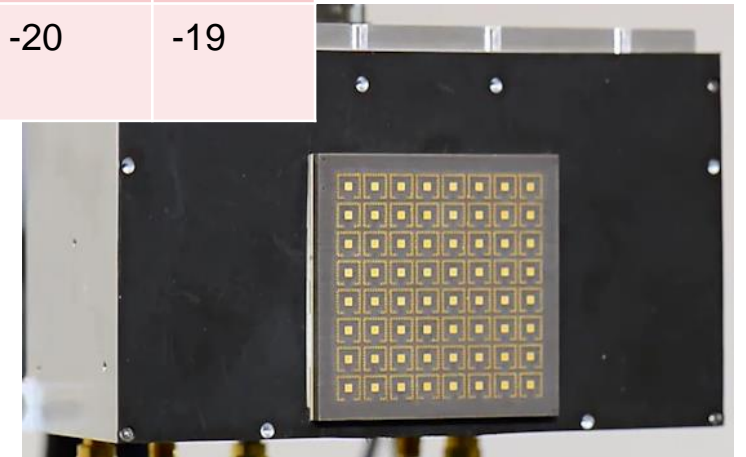
Comparison of EMPro and SystemVue 2D Cut pattern



Simulation vs. Measurement Results

8X8 28GHZ URA RF BEAMFORMER RF-IF CONVERTER

Beam Direction	3dB Beamwidth (deg)		First Null Left (deg)		First Null Right (deg)		First Sidelobe Left (dB)		First Sidelobe Right (dB)	
	Sim	Meas	Sim	Meas	Sim	Meas	Sim	Meas	Sim	Meas
0 degree	12.2	12.0	-15	-15	15	14	-20	-19	-20	-18
30 degree	14.5	14.0	14	13	50	50	-20	-21	-20	-20
-30 degree	14.5	14.5	-50	-50	-14	-13	-20	-22	-20	-19





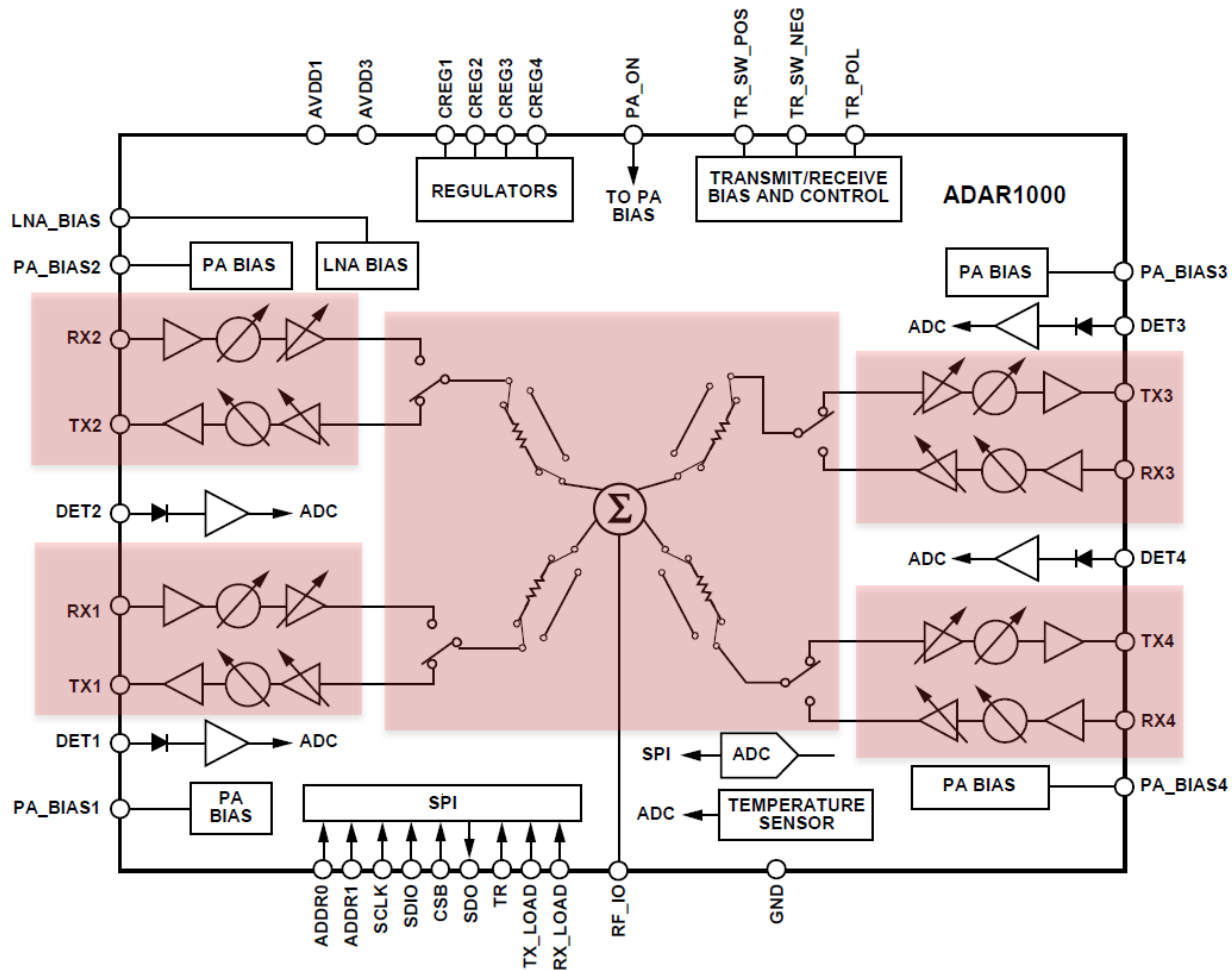
Phased Array Radar Design Case Study

ANALOG DEVICES ADAR 1000

Analog Devices – ADAR1000 Block Diagram

8 GHZ TO 16 GHZ, 4-CHANNEL, X BAND AND KU BAND BEAMFORMER

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



Highlighted portions is what we are modeling

Data Based Model

ADAR1000 MODEL USES NOMINAL TEMPERATURE AND BIAS DATA

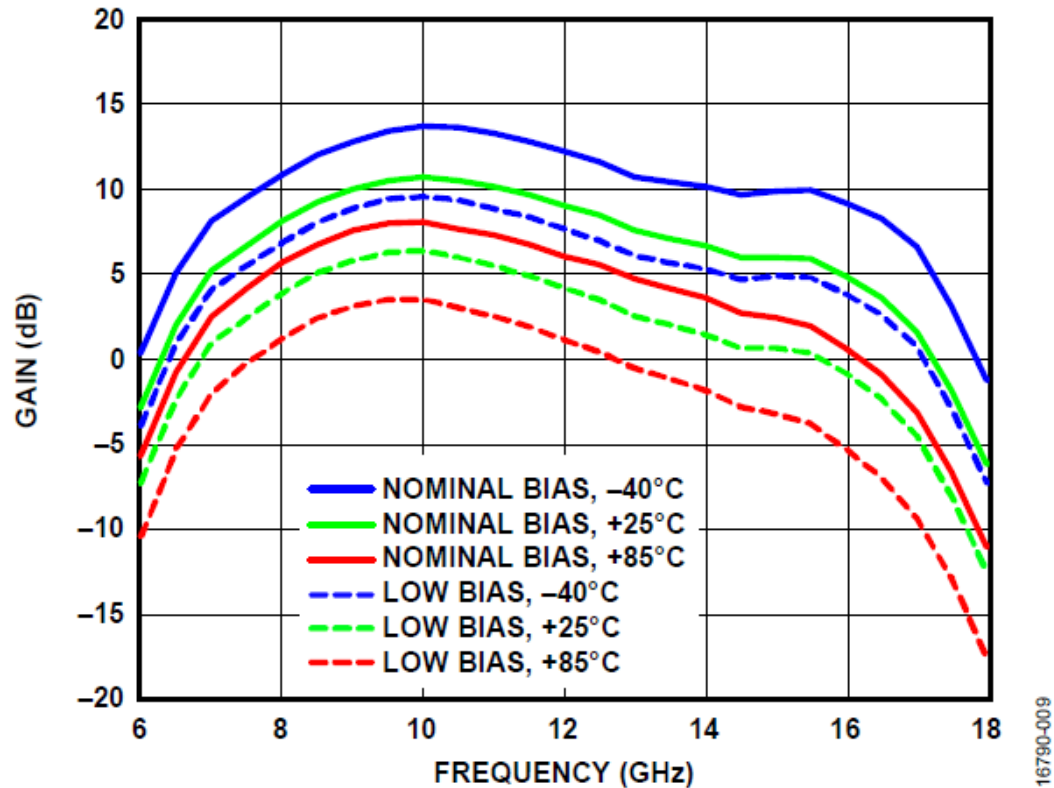


Figure 9. Receive Channel Measured Gain vs. Frequency for Various Bias Settings and Temperatures

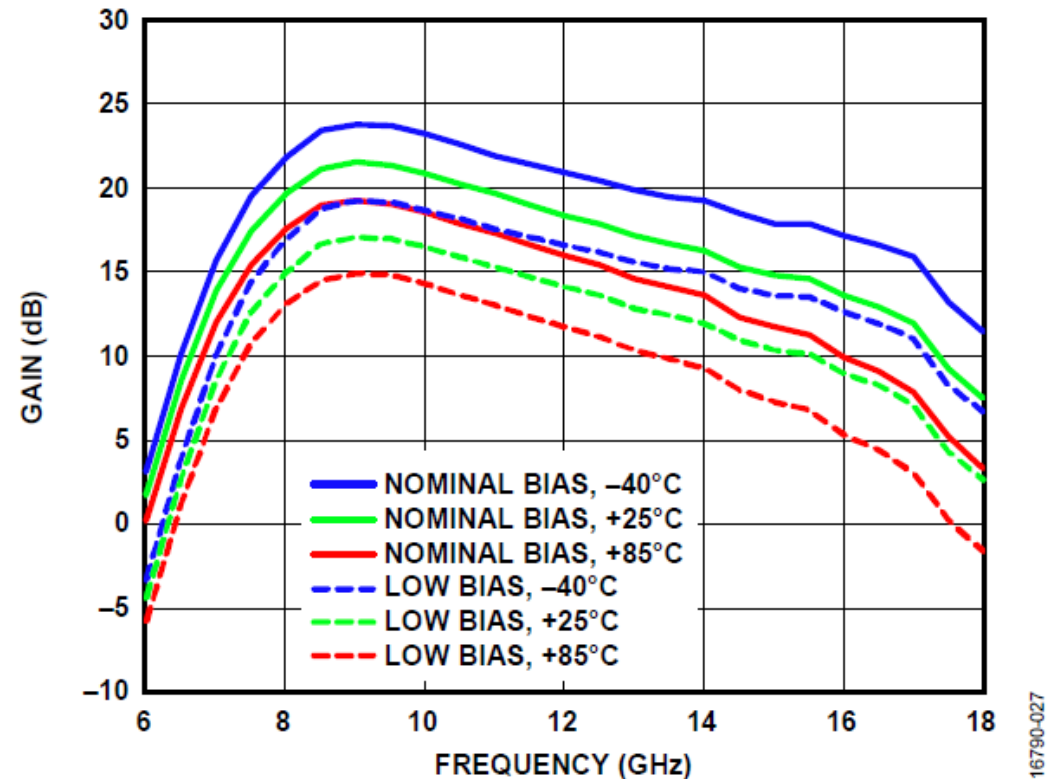
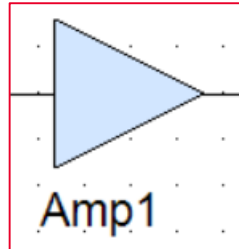


Figure 27. Single Transmit Channel Gain vs. Frequency for Various Bias Settings and Temperature

❖ Only nominal bias and nominal temperature are part of this version of the ADAR1000 model.

SystemVue Frequency Dependent Data Based Model

PERFORMANCE CAPTURED WITH FREQUENCY DEPENDENT SYSTEMVUE MODEL



ADAR1000
Frequency
Dependent Data

'Amp1' Properties

Designator: Amp1 Show Designator

Description: RF Amplifier

Model: RFAMP Show Model

Manage Models... Model Help Use Model

Parameters Frequency

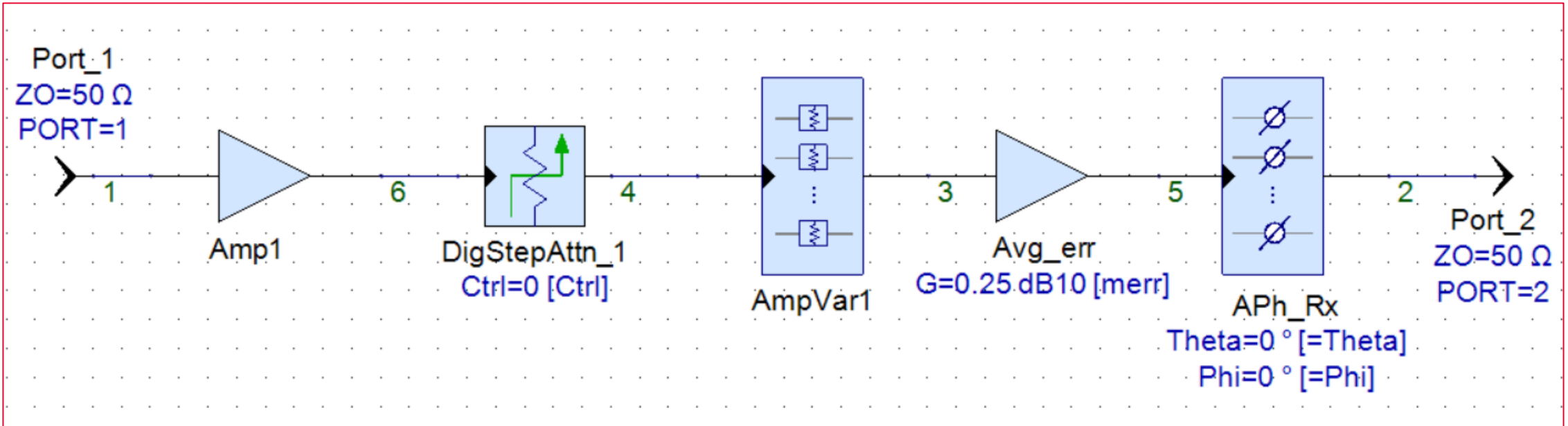
Import Sys-Parameters... Export Sys-Parameters... Clear Data...

		Freq (GHz)	Gain (dB)	NF (dB)	OP1dB (dBm)	OPSAT (dBm)	OIP3 (dBm)	OIP2 (dBm)	Zin (Ohm)	Zout (Ohm)	Riso (dB)
Add	Remove	8	8.024	8.171	-6.276	-3.276	2.936	12.936			
Add	Remove	8.1	8.269	8.149	-6.089	-3.089	3.055	13.055			
Add	Remove	8.2	8.509	8.109	-5.937	-2.937	3.134	13.134			
Add	Remove	8.3	8.755	8.061	-5.748	-2.748	3.172	13.172			
Add	Remove	8.4	8.998	8.011	-5.63	-2.63	3.244	13.244			
Add	Remove	8.5	9.177	7.947	-5.549	-2.549	3.288	13.288			
Add	Remove	8.6	9.324	7.928	-5.492	-2.492	3.207	13.207			
Add	Remove	8.7	9.501	7.918	-5.41	-2.41	3.142	13.142			
Add	Remove	8.8	9.572	7.899	-5.47	-2.47	3.033	13.033			
Add	Remove	8.9	9.831	7.887	-5.308	-2.308	3.101	13.101			
Add	Remove	9	9.962	7.876	-5.284	-2.284	3.084	13.084			

Parameter Options Browse... Advanced Options... OK Cancel Help

Complete Rx or Tx Model

MODEL ALLOWS FOR PROGRAMMABLE GAIN AND PHASE



Name	Description	Default Value	Units
State	State 0 thru 31	31	()
APh_Rx_CalcMode	Calculation mode	0:Auto	()
BeamPhase	Phase values for Beamforming	[0:45:315]	(deg)
NElem	Element Quantity	8	()
Theta	Theta angle	0	(deg)
Phi	Phi angle	0	(deg)
Window	Window (taper) type	0:None	()
WindowParameter	Window parameter for GeneralizedCosine and Rea	1	()
SideLobeLevel	Side lobe level in dB for Taylor window	-40	dB
NumBars	Number of bars for Taylor window	2	()
Alpha	Alpha parameter for Gaussian Window	2.5	()

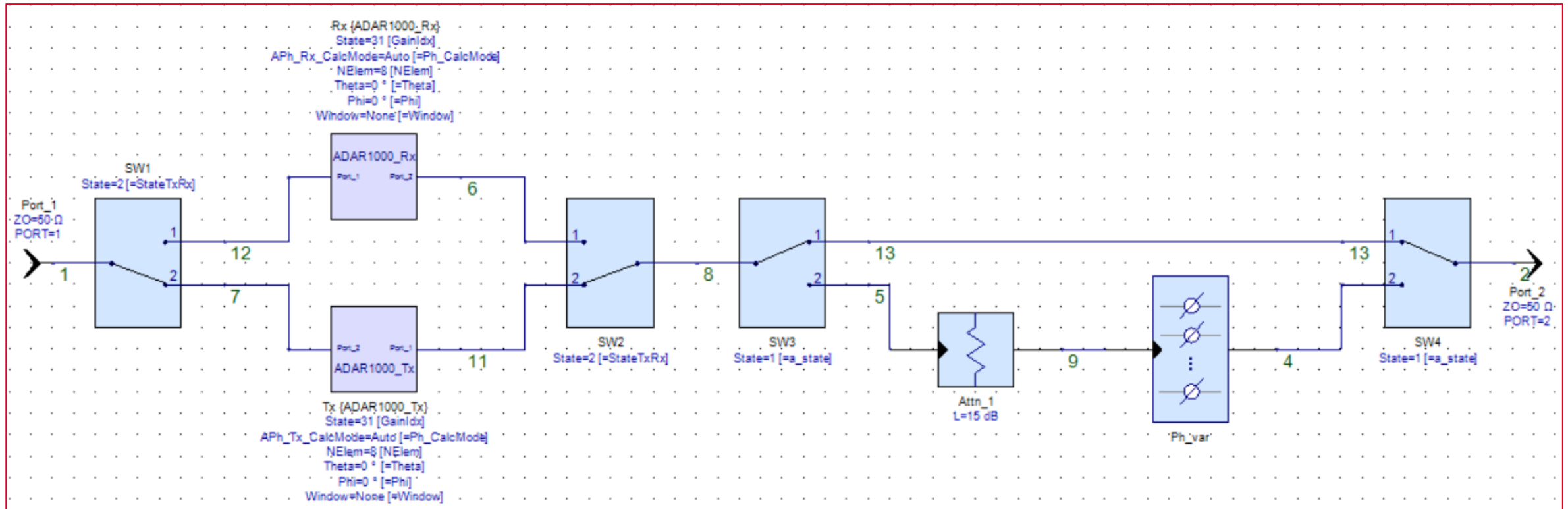


Complete ADAR1000 Model

RX OR TX MODEL AND ATTENUATOR SELECTABLE

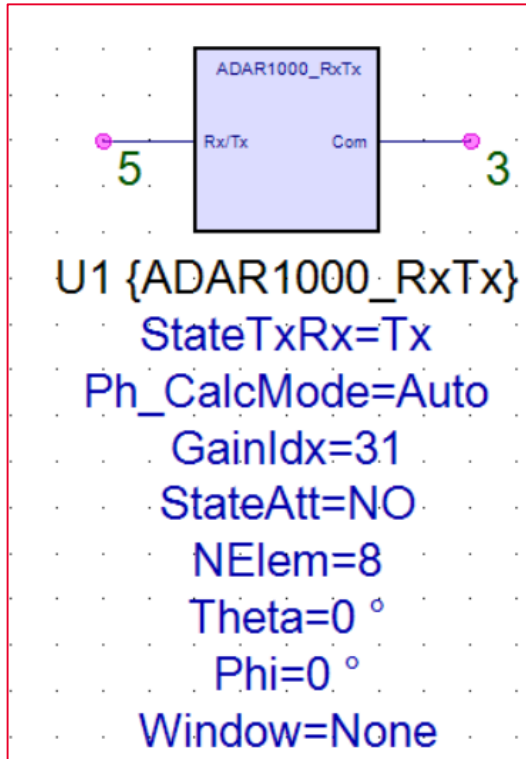


SystemVue



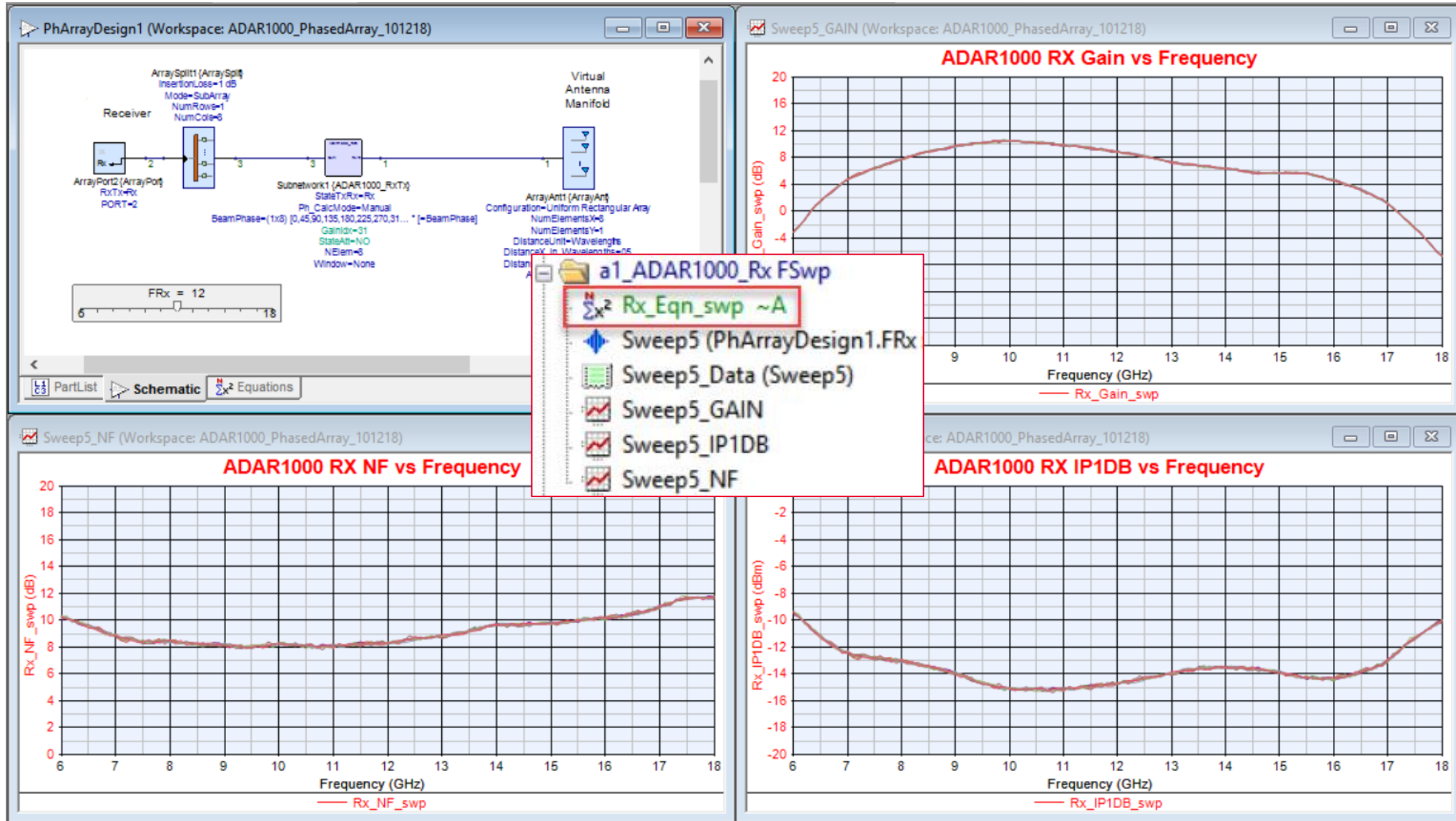
ADAR1000 Model Parameters

READY FOR PHASED ARRAY ANALYSES AND DESIGN



Name	Description	Default Value	Units
StateTxRx	Rx / Tx	2:Tx	()
Ph_CalcMode	Calculation mode	0:Auto	()
BeamPhase	Phase values for Beamforming	[0:45:315]	(deg)
GainIdx	Gain Index (0 -> 31)	31	()
StateAtt	Attenuator Off =1, On =2	0:NO	()
NElem	Element Quantity	8	()
Theta	Theta angle	0	(deg)
Phi	Phi angle	0	(deg)
Window	Window (taper) type	0:None	()
WindowParameter	Window parameter for GeneralizedCosine and Rea	1	()
SideLobeLevel	Side lobe level in dB for Taylor window	-40	dB
NumBars	Number of bars for Taylor window	2	()
Alpha	Alpha parameter for Gaussian Window	2.5	()

Frequency Sweep Analysis

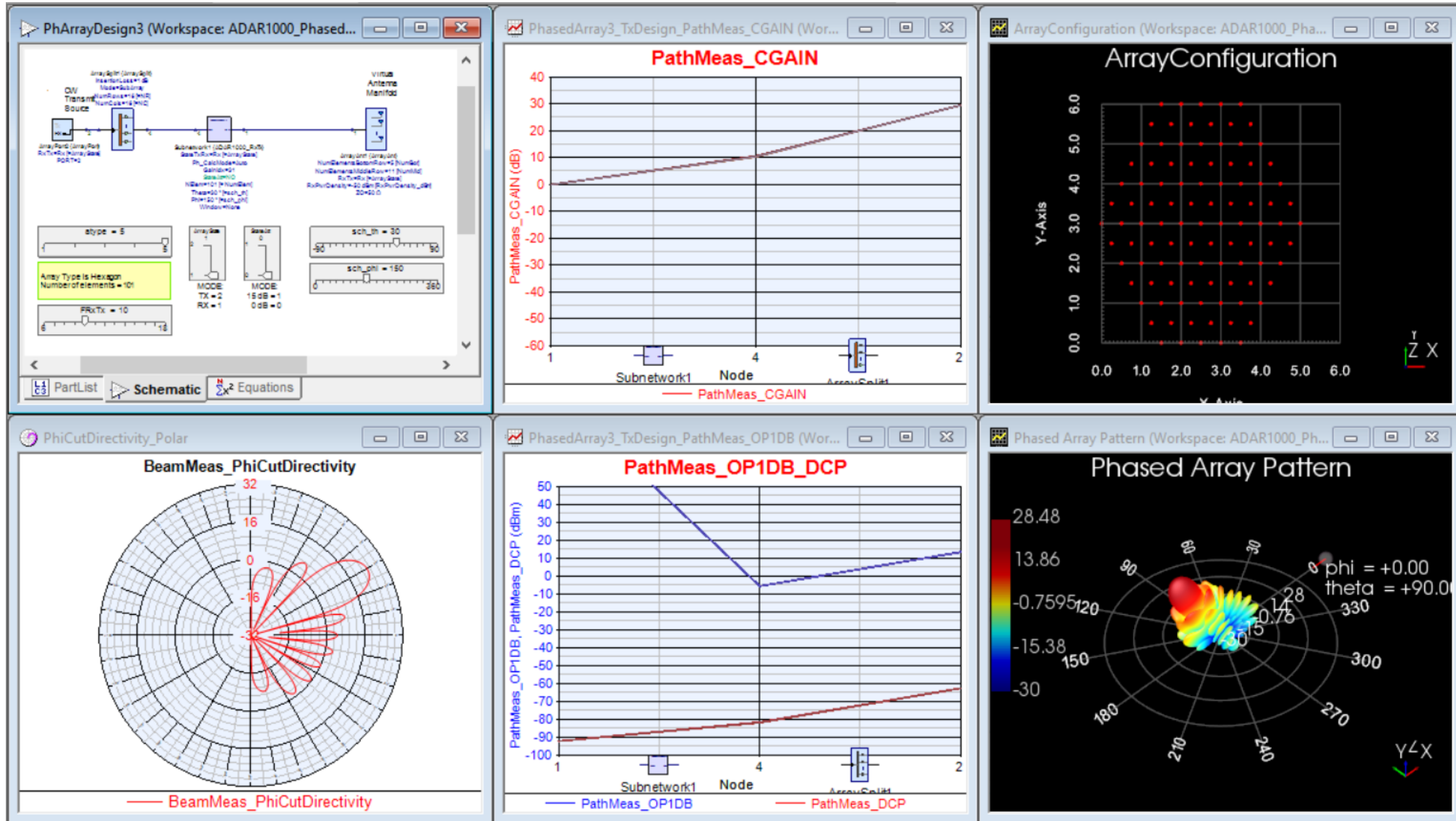


12 GHz
Gain values

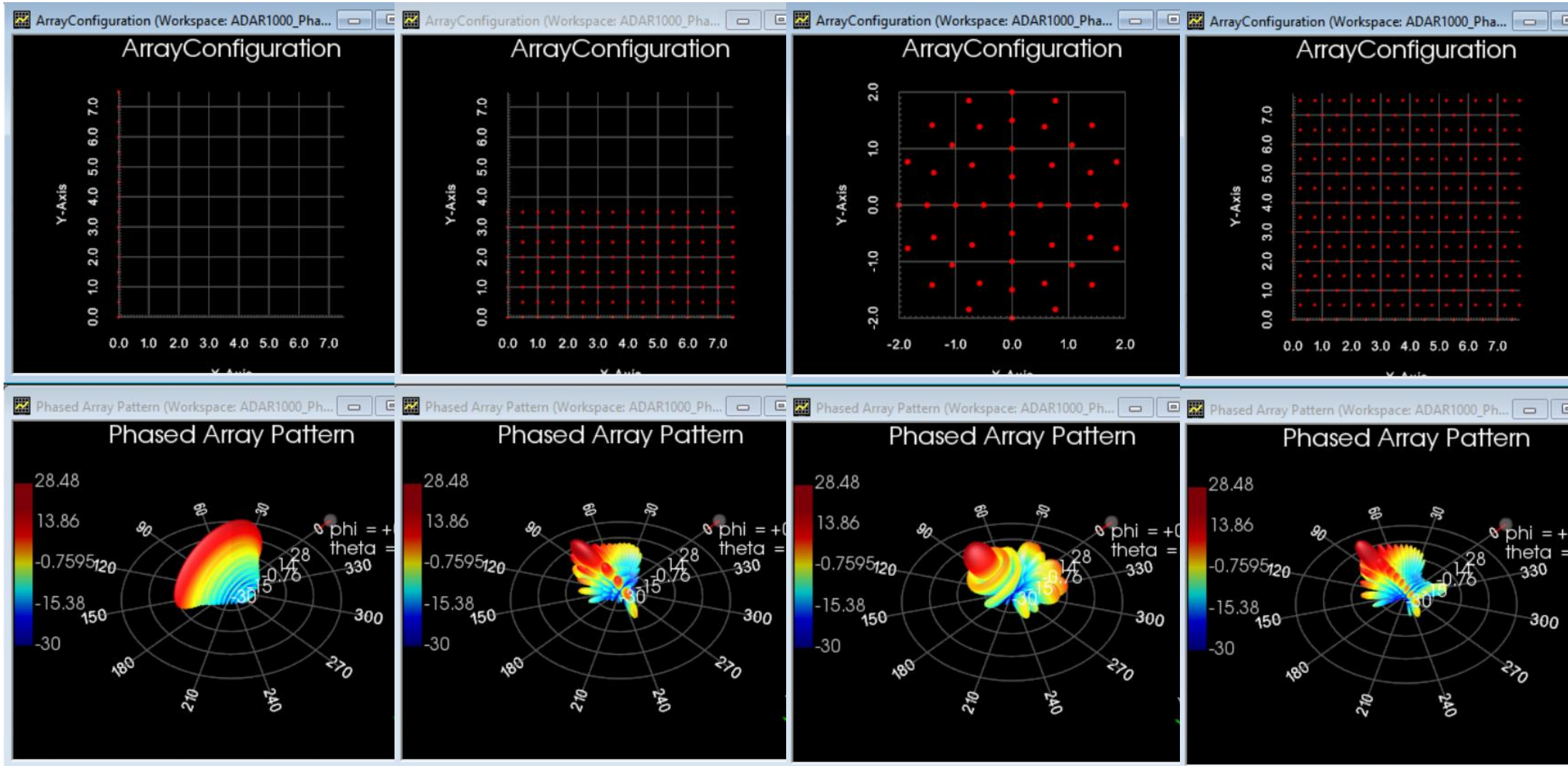
- 1) 12
- a) 9.173 dB
- b) 9.269 dB
- c) 9.04 dB
- d) 9.153 dB
- e) 9.015 dB
- f) 8.979 dB
- g) 9.026 dB
- h) 9.077 dB



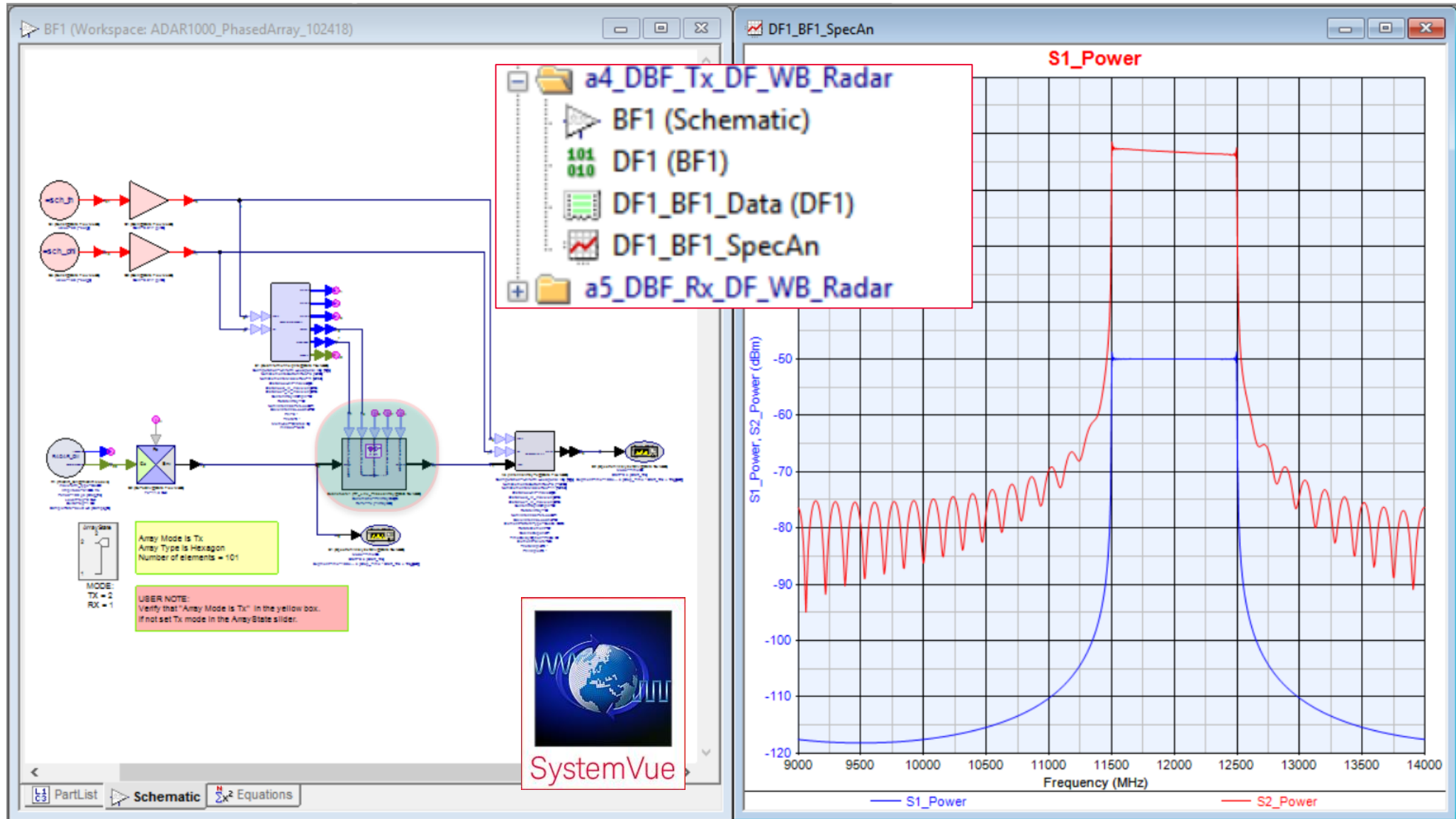
Phased Array Hexagon Configuration - Rx



Array Configurations Supported



ADAR1000 TX Phased Array Design with real Radar Signal



Thank You for Attending!



KEYSIGHT
TECHNOLOGIES

4.50221